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One of Our Many Large Specimens.

ROSEDALE NURSERIES

Tarrytown, N. Y.

Why Buy at Rosedale?

Some concerns put great stress on the age and size of their nurseries; others on their low prices. Rose-dale Nurseries cannot lay claim to superiority for either of these reasons, but there are several reasons we consider far more important than either of these, why our list of customers is not only increasing rapidly but a very large per cent. of them come back from year to year and bring their friends.

1st—LOCATION

The location is in one of the most trying of climates. The temperature sometimes goes down to 17 degrees below zero and in a few days changes to a mild temperature and stock becomes inured to any climate. Farther north trees are subjected to more severe cold, but the cold being constant, plants do not suffer as much as by sudden changes.

Our location is convenient to a large territory by motor truck. Also to the N. Y. Central Railroad and its connection in all directions. Moreover, the Tarrytown boat to New York connects with boats to New England points, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Savannah, etc.

2d—PERSONAL ATTENTION Rosedale Nurseries are not so large but that each order gets that personal attention so essential to care in selection and packing. Each customer not only finds much practical information in our catalogue but also is freely given answers to many queries as to selection and location of the proper trees and plants for stated places and conditions. Our fifty years of Training and Experience in Farm, Orchard, College, Nursery and Landscape Gardening are at your service.

3d—CLEAN STOCK Constant care and attention are given by our Cornell graduate to keep the nursery free from disease and insect pests. The state inspectors who go through our nurseries twice a year marvel at the healthful conditions of RoseJale stock.

4th —QUALITY In addition to freedom from disease and insect pests, the quality of nursery stock depends on several things carefully looked after at "Rosedale." Tops are carefully pruned to or beauty of the top may be, if the roots have not been develope root system. No matter what the size, shape, where the proof is the quality of the tree depends much mole upon the root than upon the top. The real value depending on the balance between these two parts.

One customer writes: "It's a pleasure to do business with you and you prove your slogan 'The quality of an article is remembered long after the price is forgotten'."

5th—FAIR PRICES Frequent transplanting, so essential to the development of good roots, does not produce as large a tree in a given time, and, therefore, it costs more to produce a tree of a certain size. This, no doubt, makes a few of our prices seem high to some intending purchasers; but we believe that, in accordance with our motto, our prices are "As low as Consistent with Highest Quality."

NO CHARGE is made for burlapping evergreens or boxing and packing.

10 per cent. discount will be allowed for 5 to 25 of a kind where the ten rate is not given.

20 per cent, discount will be allowed for 25 or more of a kind where ten and hundred rates are not given.

Special prices on orders for \$100 or more in assorted kinds.



TO PLANT A TREE OR SHRUB IS A VERY EASY MATTER IF ONE WILL CAREFULLY FOLLOW THESE 4 RULES:

FIRST.—Dig the holes large enough to admit the roots to spread out in their natural position, and deep enough to allow the plant to stand at the same depth it stood in the nursery. More trees are lost by deep planting than by shallow.

SECOND.—Use no fertilizer, but sprinkle fine soil among the roots, shaking the tree a little if necessary, or using the hand, if the fibrous roots are very numerous, so that every root may come in contact with the soil.

THIRD.—When the roots are well covered, the earth should be tramped, or tamped, as firm as a post. Put in more earth and tamp again. The last two or three inches of earth should not be tamped, leaving it loose for the rain to be taken in. Do not round up the earth about the tree, lest the water run off. If the weather is dry early in fall or late in the spring, water may be poured in about the tree; otherwise it is seldom necessary.

FOURTH.—Give the tree a good mulching to hold the moisture, or stir the ground with a hoe once a week.

Visitors are welcome any day except Sunday. Location on the Saw Mill River (State) Road, 1¼ mi.es north of the Westchester County Almshouse at East View, and 1¼ miles from Hawthorne, on Harlem R. R. Taxis meet all trains at Hawthorne.

DELIVERY—It may be noted by the map that our nursery is in the heart of Westchester County, which insures quick delivery by truck to all points within the county and nearby points in Connecticut, so that you may plant your choice material within a few hours after it has left the nursery soil.

Arrangements can be made for distance delivery by motor trucks of full truck loads if desired.

GUARANTEE AND CLAIMS—We make no guarantee of the success of plants after delivery to the forwarding companies since we have no control over the conditions after the plants leave our hands; however, we will be glad to entertain any just complaints made within 5 days after receipt of the goods.

Claims for damage while in transit must be made to the delivering company. Have the delivering agent note the damaged condition on the freight bill, promptly present your claim to the transportation company, and send copies of all papers so that we can help you to secure prompt settlement.

Coniferous Trees

LARGE STOCK, LOW PRICES

In comparing prices please note the fact that we make no charge for boxing or packing, or for burlapping the ball of evergreens. Special prices on \$100.00 or more, or in car lots.

Abies-Fir

bies Concolor. (White Fir). Tree of graceful habit; bright, handsome foliage; very distinct and exceedingly rare. It is very hardy and the most desirable Fir for the Eastern States. This tree stands at the head of our list of evergreens, not only alphabetically, but also intrinsically. If you can plant but one evergreen, plant this and its soft foliage and perfect symmetry will be an increasing delight. Owing to the scarcity of this valuable tree, prices have been very high, but by large plantings from year to year we have at last succeeded in getting stock sufficient to warrant our offering them at the following reasonable prices:

			Eacn	10
2 1/2	to	3	ft\$ 5.00	\$ 45.00
3	to	4	ft	55.00
4	to	5	ft 8.00	75.00
5	to	6	ft 10.00	95.00
6			ft 12.00	110.00
7	to	12	ft\$15.00 to \$30.00	

A. C. Violacea. A very beautiful light-blue form of concolor. Prices same as type.



Abies Concolor

One of the best known park superintendents in the country says: "I know of no evergreen more beautiful than the Concolor Fir unless it be a well grown Hemlock."

A. Nordmanniana. (Nordmann's Silver Fir). This variety is native in the mountains of Crimea, where it attains a height of 100 feet. The foliage is of the darkest green, silvered underneath, retaining its

color throughout the year. It contrasts well with lighter evergreens, is very hardy and of rapid

																						Ea	
4	to	5	ft.																			\$ 6.	50
5	to	6	ft.						,													8.	00
6	to	15	ft.											9	3]	().	.0	0	t	0	50.	00

A. Veitchii (Veitch's Silver Fir). A very rare and beautiful species; leaves silver blue beneath and rich dark green above; very hardy and one of the most beautiful firs.

2 ½	to	2 ½ 3 4	ft.																 3.	50 00
Larg	ger	Spec	ime	ns	3.		 			 	. :	8	1 (٥.	0	0	1	to	\$ 20.	00

Cryptomeria Lobbi Compacta

A beautiful Japanese evergreen of compact, pyramidal habit. Its bright green leaves change to bronzy red in fall and winter.

2	to	3	ft\$ 3.00	
5	to	8	ft\$6.00 to 15.00	

Read what others think of ROSEDALE.

From Missouri

All the plants put out last spring are doing nicely and every one of the maples grew fine. They sure did have some root growth. These trees were shipped half way across the continent, yet "every one grew fine."

From a customer in Pittsburgh, who buys by the carload.

Catalog received. I wish to compliment you. It may be some satisfaction to you to know that we regard it as our text-book on Conifers.

From the Far West

My shipment of trees was on the road 21 days, but arrived in good condition and almost every one of them is alive.

The Judgment of a Prominent Pennsylvanian

I have been recommended to you by Mr. of Pennsylvania, as the only man in whom he places absolute confidence when it comes to buying nursery stock, and I would appreciate it very much, indeed your mailing descriptive catalogue.

From New York

I am enclosing my cheque for \$382.50 in payment of your bill, and I want to tell you that the trees and Barberry reached Millbrook in good condition and were planted the same day. I am very much pleased with the shipment.

From Connecticut

The plants ordered arrived Saturday in excellent condition, and I was very much pleased with them; also with the fine way in which they were packed. I shall be glad to tell others about it.

From Hudson, N. Y.

In all my experience with nurserymen I have never received or seen such sturdy, heavy rooted plants. If you make a practice of treating all your customers the same way, your clientele must be a very large one. However that may be, my personal appreciation is very great. You will certainly hear from me again.



"Douglas Fir-The Tree for the Million"

Pseudotsuga – Douglas Fir

Colorado Variety

"THE DOUGLAS SPRUCE OR FIR is the tree for the million. It would be difficult to over-rate its beauty." Its horizontal branches, with pendulous branchlets richly clothed with bright green foliage, render it a striking object in the landscape. The trees are hardy as far rorth as Canada and endure both drought and cold. Those we planted at Lenox, Mass., in 1908, 1,000 feet above sea level in the Berkshires, have stood that trying climate as well as the hardiest varieties known and the foliage appears as bright and fresh in spring as in autumn. Like many of our American plants, in England they are made more of than in this country. The Douglas Fir was introduced into England more than 100 years ago where fine specimens have been developed, retaining their symmetry in a perfect pyramid, the lower branches being all present and resting on the ground.

Fiom New York

The trees are in splendid condition. I am liking the Douglas Spruce immensely.

THE OPINION OF AN EMINENT AUTHORITY Pseudotsuga Douglasii (Douglas Fir)

We quote from a most excellent article on evergreens by E. H. Wilson, in the December (1915) "Garden Magazine": "The Douglas Fir is one of the most valuable of all coniferous trees and, from a horticultural viewpoint, one of the most indispensable. In the Arnold Arboretum, Boston, trees 40 years of age are 50 feet and more tall and others about 15 years old are 18 to 25 feet tall. The lower branches of these trees sweep the ground and the others incline upward and have a plume-like appearance. Either as a lawn tree, or for avenues, or for massing, the Douglas Fir is equally valuable and it needs no commendation."

The owner of one of Westchester County's finest estates says, "The Douglas Spruce is one of the two Conifers I like best."

	Eac	eh 10
18 to 24 in	\$ 1.	75 \$ 15.00
2 to 3 ft	2.	22.50
3 to 4 ft	3	32.50
4 to 5 ft	5.0	00 47.50
5 to 6 ft	7.0	00 65.00
6 to 7 ft	9.0	
7 to 8 ft	11.0	100.00
8 to 9 ft	13.0	
9 to 10 ft	15.0	140.00
10 to 11 ft	17.0	
11 to 12 ft	20.0	190.00
Larger Specimens	\$20.00 to 50.0	20

Glauca Elegans (Blue Douglas). Like all evergreens, the Douglas Seedlings vary in color from a dark green to a bluish-green foliage. One of these especially blue seedlings was so striking that it has been used for grafting and is now offered under the name of Glauca

5	to	6	ft	\$ 7.00 \$	65.00
6	to	7	ft	 9.00	85.00

Juniperus-Juniper

All the Junipers are valuable ornamental plants—the upright species as single specimens or in groups, and the low forms well adapted for rocky slopes or banks. Junipers thrive best in a sandy, loamy soil moderately moist, but do well in rocky and gravely soils in sunny open situations. Excellent for seaside valenting. planting.

Aurea. (Douglas Dwarf Golden Juniper). Very dwarf, spreading form, which turns to a beautiful bronze in winter. Very suitable for edging groups and in rockeries.

		broad
J.	Canadensis.	Foliage light green; very hardy and a

good grower. Decidedly dwarf; never growing more than four feet across the spreading top. 3 to 4 ft. broad....\$4.50 4 to 5 ft. broad.....5.50

J. Chinensis-

ommend this tree.

Specimens\$8.00 to \$20.00J. Communis Suecica. (Swedish Juniper). A native of northern Europe. Conical, upright-growing bush from 12 to 20 feet. Very hardy.

Larger Specimens......\$3.50 to 10.00

Oblonga Pendula. (Weeping Juniper). 15 to 20 feet high. Native of the mountains of northern Japan; perfectly hardy with us; very graceful. Specimens\$10.00 to \$25.00

Pfitzeriana. A comparatively new form, exceedingly graceful and beautiful. It is a very rapid grower and like most Junipers, perfectly hardy. After many years' test in our ground, we can most highly rec-

18	to	24	in													\$ 3.00
2 1/2	to	3	ft													5.00
3	to	4	ft													7.50
4	to	5	ft													10.00
5	to	6	ft													12.00
Large		an a	aim an						đ	1	5	Λ	Λ	,	ŀΩ	25.00

J. Sabina. (Savin's Juniper). Dwarf, spreading shrub. Grows in the poorest soil. Very valuable for rockeries, borders and groups.
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
J. Sabina Prostrata. Trailing form of Savin's Juniper. Excellent for rockery.
2 to 3 ft. broad\$3.00
3 to 4 ft. broad
J. Tamariscifolia. A procumbent shrub of great beauty with delicate bluish-green foliage.
1 to 1½ ft. broad\$2.50 1½ to 2 ft. broad3.50
J. Virginiana. (Red Cedar). Fine for formal planting.
18 to 24 in\$1.50
2 to 3 ft
4 to 5 ft
J. V. Aurea Variegata. Pyramidal in form, like Virginiana, but of finer growth. Keeps its golden color well throughout the year. Specimens
J. V. Glauca. (Blue Virginiana). Of compact, conical
habit and bright, silvery foliage.
2 to 3 ft\$3.50 3 to 4 ft5.50
3 to 4 ft
5 to 6 ft 9.00
Larger Specimens\$10.00 to \$35.00
J. V. Schottii. Narrow pyramidal form of Virginiana; foliage light green, superb.
5 to 6 ft\$ 7.00
6 to 7 ft
Darger Specimens
Larix-Larch
Larix Decidua. (European Larch). A rapid growing
deciduous conifer of conical form with soft feathery foliage; does well on a great variety of soils.
6 to 8 ft\$3.00
8 to 10 ft
L. Leptolepis. (Japanese Larch). Very beautiful, especially in spring, with its purple cones borne in great profusion

great profusion.

Picea-Spruce

No group of evergreens is more widely used in landscape work than Spruces, many of which are among the most showy and rapid growing evergreens; in fact, some of the varieties are almost indispensable, and yet, strange to say, the Norway Spruce is the only one that is widely known. This is because it is a very rapid grower, and therefore can be sold cheap. Spruces will grow in almost any kind of soil moderately moist, and are easily transplanted even when quite large.

Picea Alba. (White Spruce). A native tree of medium size varying in height from 25 to 50 feet. Of pyramidal form; very shapely in appearance. The foliage is silvery gray; one of the hardiest of evergreens, and is adapted to sections where many others would fail. Will thrive in light, moist soil.

7 to 8	ft. Each ft. \$ 5,00 ft. 6,00 ft. 7,00 ft. 8,00
Larger	Specimens\$9.00 to 25.00

P. Alcockiana. (Alcock's Spruce). Foliage pale green, rich blue underneath. One of the choicest ornamental evergreens as a specimen on the lawn. Rapid grower; bears cones when young.

9	to	10	ft															\$12.00	
10	to	11	ft															15.00	

P. Engelmanni. (Englemann Spruce). Resembles the familiar Colorado Blue Spruce; a compact grower and develops into a grand tree. Among the many sorts of Spruces, native and foreign, Engelmanni stands distinct. There is no other one to be confounded with it, and this, with its general merits, calls for its notice from those about to plant.

	I	Each 10	
2 to 3	ft\$	3.00 \$27.50)
3 to 4	ft	4.50 42.50)
4 to 5	ft	6.00	
5 to 6	ft	8.00	
Larger	Specimens\$10.00 to 2	5.00	

We give the greatest care to keep our stock entirely free from insects and diseases, and send with each shipment a certificate of inspection given by the state authorities which testifies to the freedom from disease of Rosedale products.



Choice Evergreens are Decorative Twelve Months in the Year.



Pinus Austriaca-Black or Austrian Pine

cea Excelsa. (Norway Spruce). No evergreen is more generally planted than this, because of its exceedingly rapid growth and extreme hardiness, which adapt it for shelter and massing for effect. It will grow three feet annually when well established.

2 3 4 5	to to to	Each \$.75 3 ft. 1.75 4 ft. 2.75 5 ft. 3.50 6 ft. 4.50	10 \$ 6.50 16.00 25.00 30.00 40.00
Ľ		Specimens\$6.00 to 35.00	10.00

P. E. Aurea. A beautiful golden form of the well-known Norway Spruce, which keeps its color throughout the year.

																	Tra	cn
12	to	14	ft.														\$15.	00
																	18	

P. Nigra Doumetti. (Black Spruce). A native tree, dwarf and compact in growth, with glaucous foliage. The most ornamental garden form of the black spruce, having a dense conical pyramid.

Specimens 8 to 12 ft.....\$8.50 to \$20.00 P. Omorika. (Serbian Spruce). Handsome tree of rather slow growth, forming a dense, narrow pyramid when young.

P. Orientalis. (Eastern Spruce). Foliage smaller and more dense than that of the other Spruces; color deep glossy green, brighter and richer than the Norway Spruce; hardy as far north as Boston. Attains a height of 50 to 60 feet. Prof. Bailey says: "Of slow growth and therefore valuable for smaller gardens."

aruens.			
		Each	10
12 to 18	in	\$ 1.50	\$ 12.50
18 to 24	in	2.50	22.50
2 to 3	ft	4.50	40.00
3 to 4	ft	5.50	50.00
6 to 7	ft	10.00	95.00
7 to 8	ft	15.00	140.00
8 to 9	ft	20.00	190.00
9 to 10	ft		
Larger Sp	pecimens\$30.0	0 to 50.00	

Our stock of this beautiful species is a wonder to all who visit us. (See cover).

P. P. G. Kosteriana. (Koster's Colorado Blue Spruce). This we consider one of the finest native evergreens. Foliage of the richest blue or sage color; perfectly hardy everywhere. All our stock is grafted from the original Koster specimen and its descendants, and therefore all alike in color. Seeing the splendid form and color of our trees, one customer ordered 200 of them form and col 200 of them.

P. P. G. Kosteriana-Continued.

Do not confuse this variety with a seedling which is off color ten months of the year. The genuine Kosteriana keeps its rich blue color throughout the year.

										_			Each
2	to	2 1/2	ft										\$ 5.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	ft				 						7.00
3	to	$3\frac{1}{2}$	ft										8.50
$3\frac{1}{2}$	to	4	ft				 						10.00
4	to	5	ft										12.00
5	to	6	ft	٠.			 	 	٠.				15.00
Larg	ger	Spec	imen	s.				 	. \$	20	.00	to	100.00

P. P. G. Pendula. This is the greatest acquisition in conifers in many years. All the branches, even the young shoots are very drooping; has the same striking blue color as Koster's Blue Spruce.

6 to 7 ft.....\$10.00 7 to 12 ft.....\$10.00 to 25.00

Pinus-Pine

The Pines are essentially inhabitants of the poor, sandy soils and dry situations. Their stout root-system enables them to seek scanty water supplies where other species find it difficult. They thrive in any good soil not too wet.

inus Austriaca. (Austrian, or Black Pine). A massive and handsome tree of spreading habit. Foliage deep, blackish green. One of the best Pines for forming screens and shelter for more tender trees. Is perfectly hardy and thrives in any moderately dry soil. Flourishes near the sea-cost and on high, bleak hills, or in cities where smoke and dust would prohibit the use of other evergreens. Pinus Austriaca.

4 to 5 5 to 6	ft	00 \$47.50
Larger	Specimens\$9.00 to 50.	00

conical growth; very compact and symmetrical. We consider this one of the choicest dwarf evergreens in the list. We offer a fine stock. P. Cembra. (Swiss Stone Pine).

3	to	$3\frac{1}{2}$	ft ft ft									:	\$ 6.00)
			imen											

P. Excelsa. (Bhotan Pine). One of the most beautiful of the Pine family, A rapid grower and very hardy. In its native habitat it reaches a height of 150 feet. Taken all in all, it is a great favorite, 'having a charmingly graceful habit and soft, pretty glaucous foliage. Needles five to seven inches ty glaucous foliage.

Specimens.....\$7.50 to \$35.00



Pinus Mugho (See Page 7)

Montana. (Swiss Mountain Pine). Bright green foliage. Habit variable. Dwarf, low, sometimes proserate, useful either singly or on rocky stopes or border to other trees.

2	to	3	ft\$ 3.	
3	to	4	ft 5.	50
La	rg	er	Specimens\$7.00 to 40.	00

P. Mugho. (Dwarf Mountain Pine). A bushy species indigenous to northern Europe. Forms a dense bush and keeps below four feet in height for many years. This is one of the scarcest varieties in the market. Our stock is unusually fine.

				broad.										
				broad.										
18	to	24	in.	broad.	 •		 	٠.	٠	٠.	•	•		 3.50
Tian	rgei	r S	neci	mens					\$	4	01	n	to	25.00

P. Resinosa. (Red Pine). Λ hardy native pine of vigorous growth. In appearance much like the

				Each	10
3	to	4	ft	\$2.25	\$20.00
4	to	5	ft	3.00	25.00
5	to	6	ft	4.00	35.00

P. Strobus. (White or Weymouth Pine). It is beautiful in every stage of its growth, from a plant to a stately tree of 150 feet. When well established, this tree will grow from 2½ to 3 feet every year. There is no prettier native Pine than this, and it is easily grown on all soils; in fact, were we to consider its economic importance, its adaptability to climate and soil, or its ornamental use, we must give it chief place among our native pines.

		Each	10
13 to 24	in	\$ 1.25	\$ 10.00
2 to 3	ft	1.75	15.00
3 to 4	1t	2.50	22.50
4 to 5	ft	3.50	32.50
5 to 6	ft	4.50	42.50
6 to 7	ft	6.00	55. 00
7 to 8	ft	7.50	70.00
8 to 9	ft	9.00	85.00
9 to 10	ft	10.50	100.00
Larger Sp	pecimens\$12.00 to	50.00	

The Pine Blister Rust

We do not believe there exists in any nursery a larger, healthier stock of White Pine than ours.

Our sales of Pines have greatly increased the last three years. We guarantee our trees free from the

This disease is not as serious as some have thought, since it cannot be carried from one Pine tree to another except by its intermediate state on the leaves of Gooseberries and Currants. Knowing this we have not grown these fruits for several years.

At the meeting of the American Forestry Association at Washington, D. C., January, 1917, it was the consensus of opinion that America should continue to plant White Pine for its many excellent qualities, both useful and ornamental. The disease is not half as serious as the San Jose Scale which at one time threatened to destroy all the fruit trees in the country. By eternally spraying we have saved the fruits, whereas the Pines



P. Strobus, White Pine, 5-6 feet (soil removed to show root growth)

may be saved by a little self-denial in omitting from gardens Currants and Gooseberry bushes.

From Pittsburgh, Pa.

The last stock received was certainly first class in every respect and I certainly owe you an apology for my delay in sending check.

From West Virginia

Please send me your general catalog. The trees I bought from you some years ago have proved very satisfactory and I am in the market for some more.

From Lakewood, N. J.

Have received those 5.000 White Pines one day ahead of your letter of the 22nd. Trees are healthy and arrived in good condition.



A Block of Young Pine (Pinus Strobus)

From New York State

As I would like to get some shrubbery and did not know of a good dependable company, I wrote to the Rural New Yorker and they recommended your nursery.

From a Well Known Land-scape Architect

is most satisfactory, and I consider these prices as low as they ought to be. The root systems as you say are most unusual and it gives me great pleasure to know that such things can be bought. The material sent

R



Retinispora Pisifera Aurea (soil removed to show root development)

Retinispora

Retinisporas are dwarf and compact, handsome, formal-growing evergreens, particularly useful for the planting of evergreen beds and as specimens in front of larger-growing evergreens. They thrive best in moist soils and situations not too much exposed to wintry gales. No group of evergreens is more used than this for ornamental gardening.

Retinispora Obtusa Compacta. Of beautiful light green, growing in compact form and of dwarf size, this evergreen is a general favorite.

											Each
2 to	3	ft.									\$ 4.00
3 to	4	ft									5.50
1 to	3 8	f+			• • •				\$7.0	00 to	25.00
- T ((, 0	11.							. ψ	, 0 00	20.00
R. Filif	ara	7.7	0337	orre (oful	1111	+h	ite	long	r dr	aaning
											most
											most
beauti		-			•	_					
2 1/2	to	3	ft.								\$ 4.00
3	to	3 1/2	ft.								5.00
											6.00
											7.00
T	~	C							000	0 +0	25 00
Lar	ger	Spe	cime	ns					\$8.0	0 to	35.00
		_									
R. F. A	urea	. 5	This	is a	dw	arf	gold	len	vari	ety (of the
R. F. A	urea	. it	This	is a	dw	arf	gold ful	len of	vari all t	ety (of the
R. F. A	urea	. it	This	is a	dw	arf	gold ful	len of	vari all t	ety (of the
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R. F. A preced poras;	urea ing; sca to	it irce	This is th and ft.	is a ne m exp	dw ost ensiv	arf grace ve.	gold ful Pur	len of e g	vari all t old.	ety he R	of the etinis-
R. F. A preced poras;	urea ing; sca to	it rce 2 ½	This is the and ft. ft.	is a ne m exp broa higl	dw ost g ensivad	arf grace ve.	gold ful Pur	len of e g	vari all t old.	ety he R	of the etinis-
R. F. A preced poras;	urea ing; sca to to	it rce 2½ 3 3½	This is the and ft. ft. ft.	is a ne m exp bros high	dwost gensivad	rarf grace ve.	gold Ful Pur	len of e g	vari all t old.	ety he R	of the etinis- \$ 4.00 5.00 6.50
R. F. A preced poras; 2 2 1/2 3 3 1/2	urea ing; sca to to to	it rce 2 ½ 3 ½ 4	This is the and ft. ft. ft. ft.	is a ne m exp broa high	dwost gensivad	rarf grace ve.	gold ful Pur	len of e g	vari all t old.	ety he R	of the etinis- \$ 4.00 5.00 6.50 8.00
R. F. A preced poras; 2 2 ½ 3 3 ½ 4	urea ing; sca to to to to	it rce 2½ 3 3½ 4	This is the and ft. ft. ft. ft. ft.	is a ne m exp bros high high	dwost ad	arf grace ve.	gold eful Pur	len of e g	vari all t old.	ety he R	of the etinis- 8 4.00 5.00 6.50 8.00 12.00
R. F. A preced poras; 2 2 1/2 3 3 1/2	urea ing; sca to to to to	it rce 2 ½ 3 ½ 4	This is the and ft. ft. ft. ft. ft.	is a ne m exp bros high high	dwost ad	arf grace ve.	gold eful Pur	len of e g	vari all t old.	ety he R	of the etinis- 8 4.00 5.00 6.50 8.00 12.00

Fine feathery foliage, with delicate

5 to 6 ft.........\$ 4.00 12 to 20 ft......\$15.00 to 25.00

R. Pisifera.

branches.

R. P. Aurea.	A	beautiful	golden	form,	with	same	deli-
cate foliage	as	Pisifera.	Grow	th tess	selated	and	very
wavy; vigor	ous	s habit.	One of	the b	est		

2 to 3 ft. \$ 3.00 3 to 4 ft. \$ 5.00 6 to 7 ft. 7.00 Larger Specimens. \$10.00 to 35.00
R. Plumosa. Light green; soft, feathery plume-like foliage; very graceful habit.
18 to 24 in. \$ 2.50 2 to 3 ft. 3.00 5 to 6 ft. 8.00
Larger Specimens\$9.00 to 50.00
R. P. Aurea. One of the most beautiful golden evergreens at all seasons.
Specimens\$8.00 to \$35.00
2. Squarrosa Veitchil A handsome glaucous tree

R. Squarrosa Veitchil. A handsome glaucous tree, striking appearance and color.

4 to 5 ft.....\$ 6.50
Larger Specimens.....\$ \$35.00

R. Obtusa Gracilis. A beautiful compact form of obtusa, graceful in habit, rich dark green in color, and lace-like in foliage. A few specimens; prices on application.

R. Obtusa Nana Aurea. A very slow growing dwarf variety, bronze tinted in winter; golden green in spring dress.

2	to	$2\frac{1}{2}$	ft	 	 	\$ 7.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	it	 	 	10.50
3	to	4	ft	 	 .\$12.00	to 15.00

Sciadopitys

Sciadopitys Verticillata (Umbrella Pine). Like many others of our choice plants, this beauty comes from Japan. It is unique among evergreens. The peculiar growth of the leaves in parasol-like whorls gives the variety its name. This tree is hardy as far north as Portland, Me., (according to Prof. Bailey). Its compact conical form, glossy, dark green foliage and adaption to all soils, render it a very desirable tree. We offer a fine stock.

$1\frac{1}{2}$	to	2	ft	 	 	\$ 3.00
2	to	3	ft	 	 	5,00
3	to	$3\frac{1}{2}$	ft	 	 	7.50
$3\frac{1}{2}$	to	4	ft	 	 	10.00
4	to	8	ft	 	 \$12.00	to 35.00



Retinispora Filifera Aurea

Taxus-Yew

The Yews are very desirable evergreens for park planting. They are densely clothed with dark green foliage well suited for hedges and easily trimmed in any desirable shape. They thrive best in a moderately moist, sandy loam, and endure shade well.

Taxus Baccata. (English Yew). Hardy as far north as Rhode Island and northwestern New York.

																												.\$	2.00
2	to	3	ft.																		٠								3,50
3	to	4	ft.	٠.	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	4.50

T. B. Elegantissiwa. (Golden English Yew). One of the most valuable golden-leaved evergreens. In June and July the leaves of the new growth are a bright straw-color, rendering the plant highly effective whether planted alone or with other evergreens. One of the very hardiest of the Yews.

1	to	11/2	ft.	spread\$	2.25
				spread	
2	to	21/2	ft	spread	4.50
21/2	to	3 -	ft.	spread	6.50
				•	

T. B. Washingtonia—
Specimens\$20.00

T. Canadensis. This Canadian Yew has the same low, spreading habit as the Taxus repandens. Color is a lighter green and takes on a reddish tint in winter.

$\frac{2}{3}$	to to	$\frac{3}{4}$	ft.		
---------------	----------	---------------	-----	--	--

r.	C. Bre		lia.	Dwarf, compact and very hardy.	50
	15	to	18	in	50
	$\frac{18}{2}$		24	in	$\frac{00}{50}$
			3 12	ft 9.	00
	3	to	4	ft\$12.00 to 15.	.00

T. B. Repandens. For a beautiful dwarf spreading form the Taxus Repandens is unsurpassed. Its beautiful foliage and graceful drooping branches render it unique among evergreens. It is one of the hardiest of the Yews.

				broad\$	
2	to	2 1/2	ft.	broad	5.00
				broadbroad	

"Many a man intensely practical in his own business will give his order to the lowest bidder among competing nurserymen, and waste years looking at sickly, struggling or dying trees, shrubs and perennials about his home, rather than invest a little more money and get satisfaction and joy from the start. Poor stock is dear at any price." — Neltze Blanchan in "The American Flower Garden."

There are good and sufficient reasons stated on page 2 why it will pay you to try Rosedale stock.

Thuja-Arborvitae

Ornamental evergreen trees of narrow pyramidal habit. Thujas are favorites for formal gardens because of their regular, symmetrical habit. Well adapted for hedges and windbreaks. They thrive best in a somewhat moist, loamy soil; easily transplanted.

Thuja Occidentalis. (American Arborvitae). Beautiful native tree, commonly known as White Cedar. Especially useful for hedges and screens.

		Each	10
18 to 2	24 in	\$ 1.00	\$ 7.50
	3 ft		12.50
3 to	4 ft:	2.00	17.50
	5 ft		22.50
	6 ft		32.50
Larger	Specimens\$5.00) to 25.00	

T. O. Ellwangeriana. Small, compact, variety, dwarf and very graceful. Each 3 to 4 ft. \$3.00 4 to 5 ft. \$4.00

T. Globosa.	(Globe Arborvitae). A round, compact,
dwarf form.	Excellent for formal grouping.
12 to 15	in\$ 1.50
	$in \dots 2.00$
18 to 24	in 2.75

T. O. Hoveyi. (Hovey's Golden Arborvitae). Dwarf seedling from the American. Globular outline and bright green foliage with a golden tinge.

2 1/2	to 3	ft	4.50
3	to 4	ft	5.50

T. O. Lutea. (Peabody's Arborvitae). Finest and hardiest of the golden Arborvitaes. Its golden hue is the brightest and most permanent. Makes a fine contrast with darker-colored evergreens.

Specimens\$5.00 to \$10.00

T. O. Pyramidalis. (Pyramidal Arborvitae). The deep green color and upright pyramidal form of this species render it conspicuous in contrast with other evergreen. It is very hardy and vigorous.

18	to	24	in.	 		 										\$ 2.00
2	to	3	ft.	 		 										3.00
3	to	4	ft.	 												4.00
																5.00

T. O. Sibirica. One of the most useful of the Arborvitaes. It forms a beautiful compact specimen, without shearing; foliage is full and of a peculiar dark green color throughout the year.

			Each	10
18	to	24	in\$ 2.50	\$22.50
2	to	2 1/2	ft 3.00	27.50
2 1/2	to	3	ft 3.75	35.00
3 1/2	to	7	ft\$5.50 to 12.00	



Thujopsis

Thujopsis Borealis Lutea. (Nootka Sound Cypress).

A tree of nearly columnar form, growing to a height of 80 to 100 feet. A native of Russia and British Columbia with ascending branches pendulous at the ends. Resembling the Lawson Cypress, but is more robust and hardy; thrives in any ordinary soil that is not too dry.

Each 7 to 12 ft......\$8.00 to \$20.00

Salisburia—Ginkgo

S. Adiantifolia. (Maidenhair Tree). A picturesque tree of rapid growth. The fern-like foliage is rare and beautiful. It is perfectly hardy south of Albany.

8 to 10 ft.......\$2.50 10 to 15 ft.......\$3.00 to 5.00

Tsuga-Hemlock

Tsuga Canadensis. (American Hemlock). One of the most beautiful native trees; being especially rapid in growth and absolutely hardy, together with the fact that it transplants easily, make it a very useful evergreen. Its fine feathery foliage and graceful habit make it a great favorite. The best evergreen for hedge-planting. It bears the shears well and may be kept at any size and shape. If allowed full sunlight, it will hold its lower branches and remain symmetrically furnished from the ground, thus making a splendid lawn specimen.

$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					Each	10
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12	to	18	in	1.5 0	\$ 13.50
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		to	24	in	2.00	17.50
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		to		ft	2.50	22.50
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$2\frac{1}{2}$	to		ft	3.25	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		to	3 1/2	ft	4.00	37.50
5 to 6 ft	3 1/2	to		ft	5.00	47.50
6 to 7 ft. 10.00 90.00 7 to 8 ft. 13.00 125.00 8 to 9 ft. 16.00 155.00 9 to 10 ft. 19.00 185.00		to		ft		
7 to 8 ft		to		ft	7.50	
8 to 9 ft 16.00 155.00 0 to 10 ft 19.00 185.00		to	7	ft	10.00	
9 to 10 ft 19.00 185.00		to		ft	13.00	
	8	to		ft	16.00	
Larger Specimens\$20.00 to 50.00	J	to	10	ft	19.00	185.00
	Large	er	Specim	ens\$20.00 to	50.00	

T. Caroliniana. (Southern Hemlock). A native of the mountains of the Southern States. This beautiful tree, with its dark green foliage, makes a great addition to our hardy northern ornamental evergreens.

Each 8 to 15 ft......\$25.00 to \$75.00



Tsuga Canadensis-American Hemlock

T. C. Sargentii Pendula. (Sargent's Weeping Hemlock Spruce). Originated at "Wodenethe", Mr. Sargent's estate at Beacon, N. Y. It has not been as generally planted as it should be, owing to its slow growth and high cost of production. When well

growth and nigh cost of production. When well grown it makes a picture. Like most weeping trees, no two plants take quite the same form.

2 to 5 ft. broad \$6.00 to \$25.00

The Hemlock Spruce is undoubtedly the best coniferous hedge plant, perfectly hardy, bears the shears well, and keeps its rich green color all winter. No matter how severely it is trimmed, its new growth is feathery and graceful. Like the Mahonia, it will succeed in partial shade where other conifers would fail.

Next in rank we would place the Arborvitae as an ornamental evergreen hedge plant. For a very tall hedge, the Norway and White Spruces are especially useful.



Hemlock Hedge planted by us on the Henry Villard Plot, Sleepy Hollow Cemetery, Tarrytown, 10 years after planting.

Broad-Leaved Evergreens

No class of plants when well grown gives more satisfaction than the broad-leaved Evergreens. They are beautiful at all seasons of the year. Not only does this class include the most gorgeous flowering plants but the foliage of some, in winter, even exceeds its summer beauty especially in the Leucothoe and Mahonia, whose leaves take on the finest shades from bronze to intense scarlet. Our nursery is especially well supplied this year with both large and small sizes of Leucothoe, Mahonia, and Mountain Laurel. All of these plants are native to America.

Andromeda Floribunda. (Syn. Pieris Floribunda).

A dwarf plant with myrtle-like foliage, bearing in early spring in great profusion, pure white flowers resembling Lily of the Valley.

Each

15	to	18	in.	broad\$	3.50
18	to	24	in.	broad	4.25
2	to	2 1/2	ft.	broad	5.50

Azalea Hinode-giri. This new Japanese variety of Azalea Indica bears in great profusion, brilliant scarlet flowers in April and May, has larger leaves than Amoena and also grows in either shade or sun.

			broad\$	
			broad	
24 to	30	in.	broad	4.50

Berberis Mahonia Aquifolium. (Holly-leaved Mahonia).
Beautiful at all seasons of the year; in winter the prickly shiny, purplish leaves turn to the finest bronze and crimson. In spring the whole picture changes—the polished leaves are green again and the bushes are fuller of bee music than any other plant then in bloom. Grows four to five feet high. Take it all in all, we consider the Mahonia one of the most valuable of all shrubs deciduous or evergreen, since it does as well in sun as in the shade. It is perfectly hardy, a most rapid grower, with very attractive yellow flowers in the spring and succeeded by purplish berries in autumn. While it is evergreen, it has what is even better, a most superb brown, rich tone, mingled with the most gorgeous scarlet and crimson, and leaves covered with a brilliant luster-like varnish. It is much improved by keeping it back by occasional clipping as it sometimes has a tendency to straggle.

		Each	10
12	to 15	in\$.50	\$ 4.00
15	to 18	in	6.50
18	to 24	in 1.00	9.00
2	to 2 ½	ft 2.00	18.50
2 ½	to 3	ft 3.00	27.50
Box Hand	lsworthii-	_	
18 to	24 in	\$ 2.00	\$ 18.00
		2.50	22.50
Buxus Se	mperviren	s-Bush box-	
8 to	10 in		\$ 6.50
		1.00	9.00

From Maine

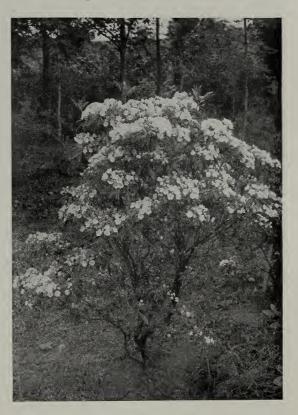
"I wish it were possible for me to describe to you the interest and admiration that our three year old Mahonia hedge has aroused from friends and passersby. From our secluded porch we have some days counted as many as twenty who have exclaimed at its beauty, strangers sometimes coming up to ask the name of the hedge, also of the nurseryman."

Very truly yours,

Mrs. Jas. W. DeGraff.

The above photoengraving shows one of our nursery grown Mountain Laurel, with about half of the buds expanded. As they do not all open at once, the blooming period is quite lengthened. Of slow growth, this dwarf evergreen shrub is very useful for foundation planting and bordering of other evergreens.

The Mountain Laurel thrives in any good soil that is not impregnated with lime. Grows well in either sun or shade and is richly clothed with glossy, green leaves twelve months in the year. Add to this its masses of showy flowers in June and you have a shrub par excellence.



Mountain Laurel

Kalmia Latifolia (Mountain Laurel). Nursery grown.

			Each	10
12	to	15	in\$1.25	\$10.00
15	to	18	in 2.00	18.50
18	to	24	in 2.50	22.50
2	to	$2\frac{1}{2}$	ft 3.00	27.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	ft 4.00	37.50
3	to	3 1/2	ft 5.50	
$3\frac{1}{2}$	to	6	ft\$6.50 to 15.00	

Nice plants collected from the open field, well rooted, and carrying a ball of earth, in car lots:

Per 100

Leucothoe Catesbaei. (Drooping Andomeda). Most beautiful dwarf shrub for either shade or sun; the long feathery leaves take on a beautiful bronze in autumn and winter. Beautiful for Christmas decorations; dainty racemes of white or pink bell-shaped flowers cover drooping stems in early spring. Prices are very low for bushy plants.

		Each	10
15 to 18	in	\$1.50	\$12.50
	+		23.50
2 to 3	ft	3.50	

Pachysandra Terminalis. (Japanese sellent ground cover in sun or shade. spurge).

10	100
Pot Plants\$2.0	0 \$15.00
Heavy three-year Plants 3.0	0 25.00



Rhododendron - Showiest of all Flowering Shrubs

Rhododendron-

American nurserymen have been obliged to import Rhododendron. To procure the cheapest, the Holland stock has been imported, greatly to the detriment of the trade; for the Holland soil and climate, (while adapted to making salable plants in quickest time), are not adapted to making strong and hardy stock.

Our acclimated English grown plants are getting scarce. We have a few choice varieties in mixed sizes as listed below.

In addition to the nursery grown Rhododendron we annually ship carloads of the wild Rhododendron maximum. These native plants lift with a good ball of earth and a foreman, experienced in handling the plants has been shipping to our customers many years.

It often happens that parties wish only one half car, in which case we have usually been able to accommodate them by finding another party in the same town or nearby town who could use the other half car.

R. Catawbiense.	Well-budded, bushy plants Each	. Nursery
	ft\$3.00 ft4.00	\$27.50 37.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3	ft 5.00 ft\$6,00 to 8,00	47.50

Collected Plants, well rooted, in car lots of 100 to 300 to a car. Assorted sizes if preferred. Prices on application.

Hybrid Rhododendron. We offer all bushy and we'll budded, field grown plants from a celebrated English grower. These have been one to five years in our grounds. It is advisable that purchasers name a second choice or simply state the color they desire, as some varieties may be sold out early.

Balled and Burlapped.

alled	and	Burla	ipped.									Eacl
18	to	24	in	 	 	 					.\$	3.50
			ft									
2 1/2	to	3	ft	 		 	 			 		6.50
3	to	3 1/2	ft	 		 				 		8.50
T		v						_	_			

Larger Specimens...........\$9.00 to 25.00 Named varieties thoroughly tested for hardiness with temperature at 15 degrees below zero:

Alba Grandiflorum. Blush.
Album Elegans. French white.
C. S. Sargent. Brilliant red.

Chas. Bagley. Bright cherry red.
Charles Dickens. Red, shaded crimson.
Delicatissimum. Blush-white.
Everestianum. Rosy-lilac; large truss.
H. H. Hunnewell. Crimson.
Lady Armstrong. Pale rose.
Lady Grey Egerton. Silvery blush.
Mrs. Chas. Sargent. Pink.
Mrs. Milner, Rich crimson.
Old Port. Plum color.
Roseum Elegans. Rose color.
Parson's Gloriosa. Lilac.
President Lincoln. Rose.

R. Arbutifolium. (Wilsoni). Dwarf pink, 15-18 in., \$3.00 each; 18-24 in., \$4.00 each; 2 to 2½ ft., \$5.00.

Vinca Caerulea Minor-

Myrtle Periwinkle, 25c; \$2.00; \$15.00 per hundred.

From Connecticut

The Spruces I bought of you are all doing well, the handsomest little trees one could wish for.



Berberis (Mahonia) Aquifolium

Deciduous Trees

ACER (Maple) — The Maples are universally popular. They have at-	Betula Pendula Laciniata. (Cut-leaved Weeping Birch)—
tained this reputation because they are regular in out- line, vigorous growers, and beautiful in foliage, and are more immune from insects and fungi than almost any other tree. They adapt themselves to almost any soil. The Norway Maple is one of the best and most	8 to 10 ft. \$2.50 \$22.50 10 to 12 ft. \$3.50 \$2.50 12 to 14 ft. 4.50 40.00
largely used of the manles. It is especially desirable	B. Papyraceae. (Paper)
for street and lawn plantings and thrives well near the sea. It is one of the hardiest and most easily transplanted of all the maples. In a wet soil it is safer to use the Sugar or the Silver Maple than the	6 to 8 ft
transplanted of all the maples. In a wet soil it is safer to use the Sugar or the Silver Maple than the	10 to 12 ft
Norway. (In very wet soil use the Plane Tree).	Larger Specimens\$4.50 to 15.00
The Maples furnish a display of color in autumn that needs no comment.	B. Fastigiata. (Pyramidal Birch)
A. Campestris (English Maple)—	Specimens\$9.00 to \$30.00
Each 10	B. Pendula Youngii. (Young's Weeping)-
6 to 7 ft\$3.50 7 to 8 ft4.50	Specimens\$3.00 to \$8.00
	Carpinus Betulus, (Hornbeam)—
Acer Dasycarpum. (Silver Maple)—— 12 to 14 ft\$3.00 \$25.00	The habit of growth of the Hornbeams resembles that of the Beech. Its handsome foliage, rarely at-
Larger Specimens\$5.00 to 15.00	tacked by insects, turns to rich shades of yellow and scarlet in fall. It bears severe pruning and will grow in almost any activities the severe property and will grow in almost any activities.
Platanoides. (Norway Maple)	in almost any son. Excenent for high nedges.
1½ to 1¾ in. caliper, 12-14	6 to 8 ft\$2.00 \$18.00 8 to 10 ft
ft	Larger Specimens\$3.00 to 10.00
ft 3.25 25.00 2 to 2½ in. caliper, 14-16	Caragana Arborescens. (Pea Tree)-
2 to 2½ in. caliper, 14-16 ft	5 to 7 ft\$1.50 to \$2.50
ft 5.50 45.00	Cercis Canadensis. (Am. Judas Tree)—
3 to 3½ in. caliper, 16-18 ft 6.50 55.00	5 to 12 ft\$1.00 to \$3.50
3 ½ to 4 in. ca iper, 18-20 ft 8.00 65.00	C. Japonica. (Japanese Judas Tree)
Larger Specimens \$10.00 to 25.00	3 to 4 ft\$1.75 4 to 5 ft
P. Reitenbachii. (Reitenbach's Maple)-	5 to 6 ft
14 to 16 ft\$4.50 to \$ 6.50 Larger Specimens7.00 to 10.00	Chionanthus Virginica. (White Fringe)
•	4 to 5 ft\$1.25 \$10.00 5 to 6 ft
P. Schwedlerii. (Schwedler's Maple)— 15 to 18 ft\$5.50 to \$ 7.50	6 to 12 ft\$2.00 to 5.50
Larger Specimens 8.00 to 40.00	The Dogwoods—the Harbingers of Spring—stand
A. Saccharum. (Sugar Maple)— 12 to 14 ft., 1½ to 2 in\$3.00 \$25.00	almost without a peer. They are among the hardiest
12 to 14 ft., 1½ to 2 in\$3.00 \$25.00 14 to 16 ft., 2 to 2½ in 4.00 30.00	and showiest of the flowering plants. The very early bloom, the duration of their wonderful floral display and the profusion of richly tinted foliage in autumn
14 to 16 ft., 2 to 2 ½ in	and the profusion of richly tinted foliage in autumn followed by long-persisting scarlet or glowing red
A. Wierii Laciniatum. (Wiers Maple)-	berries provide grace of outline and harmony of color the year round.
12 to 14 ft\$3.00 \$25.00 Larger Specimens\$4.00 to 15.00	Because of their medium size the Dogwoods are ideal
A. Japonicum. (Japanese Maple)-	trees for the smaller places and they fit in the lawn and borders of large plantings with beauty and grace
Var. Atropurpureum—	second to none.
2 to 3 ft\$3.00 to \$ 4.50 3 to 4 ft 5.50 to 6.50	C. Florida. (White Flowering)— 4 to 5 ft
4 to 10 ft 6.50 to 20.00	5 to 6 ft
Var. Dissectum— 2 to 3 ft. broad\$4.00	6 to 7 ft
3 to 4 ft	8 to 10 ft
Var. Sanguineum (Blood-leaved)	C. Rubra. (Pink Flowering)—
4 to 8 ft\$6.50 to \$15.00	4 to 5 ft\$ 2.00
Aesculus Hippocastaneum. (Common White Horse Chestnut)—	5 to 6 ft
8 to 10 ft\$2.00 \$17.50	7 to 8 ft
10 to 12 ft	Larger Specimens\$10.00 to 25.00
A. H. Flore Pleno. (Double White)-	C. Florida Flore Pleno. (Double White)— 4 to 6 ft\$ 3.50
8 to 10 ft\$2.50 10 to 12 ft3.50	6 to 8 ft
10 to 12 it	C. Kousa, Japanese—
A. H. Rubicunda. (Red Flowering)—	4 to 5 ft\$ 2.50
8 to 10 ft\$3.50 10 to 12 ft4.50	5 to 6 ft
12 to 14 ft 6.50	7 to 8 ft
Ailanthus Glandulosa. (Chinese Tree of Heaven)— 8 to 10 ft	C. Florida Pendula. (Weeping Dogwood)— 5 to 6 ft\$6.00
10 to 12 ft	6 to 7 ft

10



Fagus Americana (Attractive at every season)

Crataegus. (Flowering Thorn)-

Each 6 to 8 ft\$2.00	10
8 to 10 ft	
FAGUS—(Beech)—	
No tree is better suited for a lawn specthe Beech. Its graceful, symmetrical youth into a majestic old age with branches growing round. In this regard it excels the oaks, nother high-branched trees. Its foliage is glossy. The clean grey bark of the Amerimakes it as ornamental in winter as in summe thrive well in shaded places, growing very defeature makes them splendidly adaptable for especially the European Beech.	develops ing to the naples and rich and can Beech r. Beeches nse. This
F. Americana, American Beech-	
5 to 6 ft\$2.25 6 to 7 ft3.00 7 to 12 ft\$3.50 to 6.00	\$20.00
F. Incisa and F. Heterophylla. (Cut and F Beech)—	ern-leaved
5 to 6 ft\$3.50 6 to 10 ft\$4.00 to 15.00	\$32.50
F. Sylvatica, European—	
5 to 6 ft\$2.00 6 to 8 ft	\$17.50
6 to 8 ft	$\frac{22.50}{30.00}$
Larger Specimens\$4.00 to 10.00	
F. Purpurea. (Purple Varieties)—	
F. Purpurea. (Purple Varieties)— 5 to 6 ft\$2.50 6 to 12 ft\$2.50 to 8.00	
F. Purpurea Rosea Marginata Tricolor-	
5 to 7 ft\$4.00 to \$6.00	
F. Pendula. (Weeping)—	
Specimens\$9.00 to \$30.00	
FRAXINUS—(Ash)—	
r. American Ash)—	A # # 00
10 to 12 ft\$1.75 12 to 14 ft2.25	\$15.00 20.00
F. Excelsior—European—	
8 to 10 ft\$1.25 10 to 12 ft2.00	10.00 17.50
12 to 16 ft 3.00	25.00

JUGLANS NIGRA (Black Walnut)— 8 to 10 ft\$2.00 10 to 12 ft	\$17.50 22.50
J. Regia, English— 4 to 5 ft. \$2.50 5 to 6 ft. 3.00 6 to 7 ft. 4.00	
J. Sieboldiava Cordiformis (Japanese Walnut)— 6 to 7 ft\$2.50 7 to 8 ft	
Koelreuteria Paniculata (Varnish Tree)— 7 to 8 ft	\$22.50
Laburnum Vulgare (Golden Chain Laburnum)— 8 to 10 ft\$2.75 Larger Specimens\$3.00 to 6.00	
Liquidamber Styraciflua. (Sweet Gum)— 6 to 8 ft	\$20.00 30.00
Liriodendron Tulipifera. (Tulip Tree)— 6 to 8 ft\$1.75 8 to 10 ft2.50 Larger Specimens\$3.00 to 5.00	\$15.00 22.50
MAGNOLIA. Chinese Varieties—Ball and Burla We have in stock a few choice varieties in odd Prices furnished on request.	
PLATANUS (Plane Tree)-	

PLATANUS (Plane Tree)-

Trees specially adapted to wet places, no insect relishes the excessive tannin in its foliage. It is also immune to the smoke of the factories. It is a very rapid grower, possessing clear light bark.

Platanus Orientalis. (Plane Tree)-	
10 to 12 ft\$2.50 12 to 14 ft3.00	$$20.00 \\ 25.00$
14 to 16 ft	35.00
P. Occidentalis. (American Sycamore)-	
12 to 14 ft	
Populus Alba. (Abel's Poplar)-	
6 to 8 ft\$1.00	\$ 7.50
8 to 10 ft 1.50	12.50
P. A. Bolleana-	
14 to 16 ft\$3.25	\$30.00
16 to 20 ft 4.50	40.00
P. Caroliniana. (Carolina Poplar)-	
12 to 14 ft\$1.75	\$15.00
Larger Specimens\$2.50 to 6.00	
P. Fastigiata, Lombardy-	
8 to 10 ft\$.75	\$ 6.00
10 to 12 ft 1.00	7.50 17.50
12 to 14 ft	17.50
Prunus Persica. (Double Flowering Peach)—	-

5 t	0	7 1	it	• • •	•				• •	٠.			٠.	٠.,	 ٠.		\$1.25
Pyrus.		(Flo	oweri	ing	(ra	b)-	_:	In	7	aı	ie	ty				
4 t 5 t	0	5 6	ft ft						• •						 	• •	\$1.75 2.25 2.75 6.50

QUERCUS (Oaks)-

The Oaks, especially when they attain size, are the most picturesque of all trees symbolizing strength and durability. Their reputation as slow growers is not warranted, for when once established, they will make a yearly growth equal to that of almost any other species

Pin Oak is a superb and distinct tree. Its graceful, drooping branches support a mass of deeply-lobed, sharp-pointed leaves, changing to deep red in autumn. Jack Frost has never shown greater skill than in the rich, deep coloring of the Scarlet Oak.



Pin	വം	b

Q. Palustris (Pin Oak)—	10
Each \$2.25 8 to 10 ft. 3.00 10 to 12 ft. 3.50 Larger Specimens. \$4.00 to 30.00	10 $$20.00$ 25.00 30.00
Q. Pyramidalis (Pyramidal)— 6 to 8 ft\$5.00 8 to 10 ft	
Q. Coccinia (Scarlet)— 6 to 8 ft\$2.50 8 to 10 ft3.50	\$22.50 30.00
Larger Specimens\$5.00 to 35.00 Q. Rubra (Red)—	
6 to 8 ft	\$15.00 20.00 32.50
SALIX (The Willows)	
S. Babylonica. (Weeping Willow)— 6 to 8 ft	\$12.50
8 to 10 ft	17.50
S. Britzensis. (Bark Brilliant Red)-	
8 to 10 ft\$2.00 10 to 12 ft3.00	\$17.50
S. Elegantissima. (Thurlow's Willow)—	
8 to 10 ft\$2.00 Larger Specimens\$3.00 to 6.00	\$17. 50
S. Pentandra. (Laurel Leaved)— 8 to 10 ft\$2.00 Larger Specimens\$3.00 to 6.00	\$17.50
S. Vitellina Aurea. (Golden Bark Willow)— Specimens\$5.00 to \$12.00	
TILIA (Linden)—	
T. American— 8 to 10 ft\$2.25 10 to 12 ft	\$20.00 30.00
10 to 12 ft	42.50
10 to 12 ft\$3.25 12 to 14 ft\$4.00 Larger Specimens\$4.50 to 8.00	\$30.00 35.00

T. Europea Rubra (Red-twigged)-	
Each 10 to 12 ft\$2.25	10 \$20.00
12 to 14 ft 2.75	25.50
Larger Specimens\$3.50 to 25.00	
T. Argentea (White-leaved Weeping)—	
8 to 10 ft\$2.50 Larger Specimens\$4.00 to 10.00	
Larger Specimens \$4.00 to 10.00	
ULMUS (Elm)—	
U. American—	\$15.00
8 to 10 ft	25.00
12 to 14 ft	$\frac{40.00}{55.00}$
Larger Specimens\$7.00 to 30.00	00.00
U. Huntingdoni (Huntington's Elm)—	
Specimens\$4.50 to \$8.50	
Vines	
vines	
Actinidia—	
Each 4 to 5 ft\$. <u>50</u>	10 \$ 4.50
5 to 6 ft	6.00
Akebia Quinata—	
5 to 6 ft\$.50	\$ 4.00
6 to 8 ft	6.00
Ampelopsis Quinquefolia (Virginia Creeper)-	
2-year\$.35	\$ 2.50
Veitchii (Boston Ivy)—	A 0 50
2-year\$.40	\$ 3.50
Aristolochia (Dutchman's Pipe)—	
Heavy\$1.25	\$10.00
Bignonia (Tecoma) (Trumpet Vine)-	
3 to 4 ft., 3-year\$.50 4 to 6 ft., 4-year	\$ 4.00
	6.50
Celastrus Scandens (Bittersweet)—	\$ 3.00
3 to 4 ft\$.35 4 to 5 ft50	4.00
6 to 8 ft	
Celastrus Articulatus (Japanese Bittersweet)-	
Same prices as above.	
Clematis Paniculata—	\$ 3.50
2-year\$.40 3-year50	4.50
Large-flowered	6.50
Euonymus Radicans and Variegata-	
\$.35	\$ 3.00
XX	4.00 5.00
Vegetus, heavy50c to 1.00	
Hedera (English Ivy)—	
3 to 4 ft., (4 in. pots)\$.60	\$ 5.00
Honeysuckle-	
3 to 4 ft., \$15 per 100\$.20 4 to 6 ft., \$20 per 10035	\$ 2.00 3.00
6 to 8 ft., \$30 per 10050	3.50
Kudzu Vine (Mile-a-Minute Vine)—	
(Dolichos)\$.35	\$ 3.00
Lycium (Matrimony Vine) \$.35	\$ 3.00
XX	4.00
Wistaria—	\$ 4.00
Chinese \$.50 XX .75 XXX \$1.00 to 7.50	φ 4.00
XXX\$1.00 to 7.50	
Shrubs in Tree Form	
	to 00 00
Acacia	to 2.00
Caragana 1.00 Forsythia 1.00	
Hvdrangea	to 3.00
Tillac 2.00	to 5.00 to 10.00
TI ADDUCTACE TO THE TOTAL PROPERTY OF THE PROP	

Deciduous Flowering Shrubs

In addition to the stock described in the following table we have also LARGE SIZES FOR IMMEDIATE EFFECT in many varieties. The value of these is far greater than if they had not been frequently transplanted. They are not only well rooted, but also of broad and bushy top and should not be compared in value with plants which have reached the same height with once transplanting. Our customers have found that these large shrubs can be as safely moved as the smaller sizes.

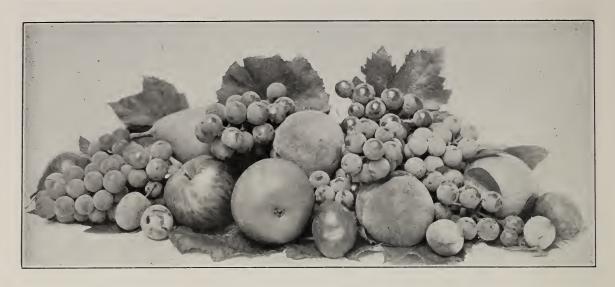
NOTE: For 5 to 25 of a kind-15 per cent discount; for 25 and up-25 rer cent discount.

(See Note)	7.5 60 5.00 5.00	000000 000000 000000		1.055	
(See	3.50 3.50	25000000000000000000000000000000000000	1.00 1.00 60 60 60 60 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70		00000000000000000000000000000000000000
Prices	(* 7-01)	0	6 57	0	\$20 \$20
REMARKS (15-18)	Very double Howers in panicles Heavy prickly stem Foliage red in Autumn 1.50	1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 Ilundred Rate on application Flowers and wood fragrant Flowers pea shaped	Large loose panicles Flowers in spikes Twigs, blood red Red bark and white berries Bright red bark Dark purple leaves 15".18", 50c		Flowers bell snaped Flowers, double Single \$1.00 to \$3.00 each Bright green by nehes Handsome, double by hun. 3'-4' \$12. Prostrate form of Ibota Large black berries, all where Frostrate form honeysuckle
Season	May July Sept. L. July May-June	May-June May-June May-June May-June May-June May-June May-June April & May June June June June	June Aug. May June May May June	June June June June June May May	Aug. & Sept. Aug. & Sept. Aug. & Sept. Aug. & Sept. July to Sept. July to Oct. July to Oct.
Color	Rose White White White Fiery Red	varregated Red Yellow Red Variegated Sal. Pink Violet Red Appie Bloss'm Yellow Yiolet Chocolate Yiolet	White White White Pink, White Pink	White White Light Pink Grimson Red. Purple Rose Pale Yellow White	White White Red White Variegated White White Xellow Yellow White
eight	100	1-19999998 4-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	8.4 8.8 100 100 100 100
COMMON NAME Ultimate Height Golor in ft.	Flowering Almond Angelica Tree Hercules Club White Azalea Flame Azalea	Koster Azalea Gheut Azaleas Southern Azalea Barberry Butterffy Bush Carolina Allspice Per Tree Per Tree	Trees) Sweet Pepper Bush Sweet Pepper Bush Scarlet Twigged Cornus Red Osier Dogwood Red Siberian Dogwood Purple-leaved Filbert Double Flowered Deutzia Slender-branched Deutzia	Weigelia Weigelia Weigelia Weigelia Japan Oleaster Cork Barked Euonymous Pearl Bush	Rose of Sharon Double Red Althea Single White Althea Double Variegated Snowball Hydrangea Globe Flower California Privet Regels Privet Regels Privet Common Privet Upright Honeysnckle
BOTANICAL NAME COMMON	Amygdalus Atalia Pentaphylla Atalia Spinosa Azalea Arborescens Azalea Calendulacea	Azalea Mollis Consul Ceresole Azalea Mollis Anthony Koster Azalea Mollis J. C. Van Thol Azalea Pontica Azalea Louis Van Houtte Azalea Rembrandt Azalea Vaseyi Berberis Thunbergii Buddita Calycanthus Floridus Caragana Arborescens	Clethra Aluifolia Cornus Sanguinea Cornus Siberica Cornus Siberica Coryus Aveliana Var. Atropurpurea Deutzia Gracilis, Rosea Deutzia Gracilis, Rosea	Deutzia Lemoniei Deutzia Pride of Rochester Diervilla Amabalis Diervilla Eva Rathke Diervilla Eva Rathke Diervilla Bosea and Variegata Eleagnus Longgipes Euonymus Alatus Exceborda Grandiflora Forsythia (in variety)	Hubiscus Syriacus, J. d'Arc Hibiscus Syriacus, J. d'Arc Hibiscus, S. Rubra Plena Hibiscus, S. Totus Albus Hydrangea Arbor, Grand Alba Hydrangea Arbor, Grandiflora Hydrangea—Standard Kerria Japonica Ligustrum Ovalfolium Ligustrum Novalfolium Ligustrum Rogelianum Ligustrum Rogelianum Ligustrum Rogelianum Ligustrum Vulgaris Lonicera Fragrantissima

								1021.	
26 Note) -3 3-4 40 50 40 50	2.00 50 60 775 40 50 60 75 60 60 60 60	775 1.00 40 50 40 50 50 50 65				990 990 11:255 11:255 11:255 12:255 12:255 13:255 1		775 1.25 60 75 60 75 50 60 75 1.00	
(18-24) 2-3 (18-24) 40 40 40 40	60 64 7 64 64 66	00			. 10 10 00 00				9
REMARKS Bright red fruit	Fragrant Very highly scented Golden yeilow foliage A new variety—Dwarf Black berries persist Vour houre bloom	Grows in full shade Red fruit	Very Graceful plant Very graceful plant 4-5' heavy, \$1.00 each White persistent fruit Coral berries persist S—Single, D-Double:	S, 6 ft. \$1.50; odorless S fragrant S fragrant S fragrant		D clear—lighter center S panicles very large S dark purplish red D a superb white D pale lilac S one of the finest	D panicles very large D extra fine Edible blue berries Dark berries persist Red-black fruit	Dark blue rruit Scarlet berries Red fruit persistent Fruit oval and black Red fruit fill frost Balls Aften 2" access	Fruit deep red to black
Season of Bloom May & June June	June May & June	June & Jury June to Oct. July & Aug. July & Aug.	May-June May-June May-June May-June			April April April April	June May June	June June May June May & June	June
Color White Pink White		ple m.	white White White Pink White	Oream. White Bright Purple	Bluish Purple White Red White Center	Light Light White Red White Pale Lilac	Bluish Lilac White White White	Green. White	
Height in. ft.	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	400000	8-126668	8-15 4-6				2αr 21α	0 ào
COMMON NAME Japanese Honeysuckle Tartarian Honeysuckle White Tartarian	Dwarf Horse Chestaut Mock Orange—Syringa Common Mock Orange Golden Syringa Large Plowered Syringa Double Syringa	Thimbleberry Meadow Sweet Billards Spirea Nine Bark Golden-leaved, Nine Bark	Bridal Wreath Thunberg's Spirea Von Houttes Spirea Snowberry Indian Currant	Persian Lilac White Persian	Common Lilac Common White Lilac		Blueberry Maple-leaved Viburnum Withe Rod	Arrow Wood Jap. Bush Cranberry Wayfaring Tree Sheepberry High Bush Cranberry	Single Jap. Snowball
BOTANICAL NAME Lonicera Morrowi Lonicera Tartarica Rosea	type telphone	<u>-</u> د	Spirea Frunhölda Spirea Thunbergii Spirea Van Houtte Symphorocarpus Racemosus Symphorocarpus Vulgaris	Japonica Persica Persica Alba	Villosa Vulgaris Vulgaris Alba Vulgaris Belle de Nancy	4,	. מז מז		Viburnum Fitzatum Viburnum Tomentosum Weigelia—See Diervilla

Our Large Shrubs Are Not Leggy

Frequent Transplanting Is the Keynote to Plant Value.



Choice Fruits

Date of fruiting for Tarrytown; would vary in other localities.

We consider ourselves fortunate that we are able to offer nearly our usual list of fruits, for there has never been such a shortage in the country in nearly all kinds.

Our stock, is very limited, however, in many of these varieties and sizes. Only those who order early from any nursery will be able to secure the varieties desired. Extreme scarcity of fruits this year is due to the war which decreased the demand and the labor supply two years ago, when many of these fruits should have been started.

TO AVOID DELAY IN CORRESPONDENCE, therefore, it would be well for customers to name a few substitutes in case their first choice should be sold.

Apples

DWARF AND STANDARD

Summer

Early Harvest. Yellow. July and Aug. Golden Sweet. Large, yellow. Aug. and Sept. Red Astrachan. Crimson, streaked yellow. July and Aug.

Sweet Bough. Pale yellow. August. Yellow Transparent. Skin pale yellow, sub-acid. August.

Autumn

Bismarck. Red and yellow; hardy, very early. Fall Pippin. Yellow, fine baking. Dec. Fameuse. (Snow Apple). Deep crimson; flesh snowy white; dessert. Nov. to Jan. Gravenstein. Red and yellow. Sept. and Oct. Oldenburg, Duchess of. Red and yellow; bears young. Hyslop. Beautiful in flowers; crimson. Oct. Aug. and Sept.

Wealthy. Dark red and yellow; flesh white, sub-acid. Transcendent. Red and yellow, Sept.

Winter

Baldwin... Bright red; very productive. Delicious. Brilliant dark red; sweet, juicy. Greening. Constant bearer; best cooking. Grimes' Golden. Rich golden yellow. Jan. to Apr. Hendrick Sweet. Red. Nov. to Apr. McIntosh. Dark red. Flesh white. Nov. to Feb.
Newtown Pippin. One of the best. Nov. to June.
Northern Spy. Yellow striped red. Until June. Rambo. Yellow and red. Oct. to Jan.

Rome Beauty. Yellow and bright red. Dec. to Mar. Roxbury Russet. Green and russet color. Spitzenburg. (Esopus). Deep red; flesh yellow. Stayman Winesap. Dark red; sub-acid. Sutton Beauty. Waxen. Talman's Sweet. Whitish-yellow, tinged red. Twenty Ounce. Striped; cooking. Oct. to Sept. Winter Banana. Pale yellow, tint red.

Dwarf Apples

Our stock of Dwarf Apples is quite complete. Some of the trees hore this year a dozen or more apples each in the nursery row.

McIntosh.

Delicions. Duchess of Oldenburg. Fameuse.

Gravenstein.

Greening.

Northern Spy. Red Astrachan. Wealthy. Yellow Transparent.

Crab Apples

Montreal Beauty. Yellowish green to red. Late.

Prices of Fruits

Many Trees of Bearing Size.

No charge for boxing or packing. 100 and 1,000 rates on application.

Apples. First-class, 5 to 7 ft\$1.00 First-class, 7 to 10 ft\$1.25 to 2.50	\$ 9.00
Dwarf—	

Dwarf—		
3 to 4	ft\$1.75	\$16.50
4 to 8	ft\$2.00 to 4.00	
	XX 1.00	9.00

Cherries, Sweet— Each	10
First-class, 5-7 ft\$1.25 XXX, 6-9 ft., trans\$1.75 to 3.00 Sour, 3 to 6 ft75 to 1.25	10
Peaches— 1-year, 4-6 ft	6.50
Pears— Standard, 5 to 7 ft	11.50
Dwarf, 2 to 3 ft	3.00
Plums— First-class, trans 1.25 XXX. 7-10 ft., trans., \$2.00 to 5.00	11.50
Quinces— First-class. XX	11.00
Grapes— First-class, 2-year	4.00 6.50
Empire State, Gaertner, Winchel— 2-year	6.50
Small Fruits	
10	100 \$1.50
Asparagus	7.00
Currants—Two year. Fay's Prolific\$3.50 Perfection4.50	
Gooseberries 4.50	
Raspberries— 80 Cuthbert 2.00 Frskine Park 2.00	7.00 18.00



Sweet Cherry

10	Herbert. Originated in Canada 1.00 9.00 St. Regis 1.00 9.00
	Rhubarb—Myatt's Linnaeus 1.25 XXX 2.00
6.50	Cherries
11.50	The Cherry succeeds well on dry soils and is susceptible of being trained in a great variety of forms.
3.00	Sweet
11.50	Bing. Almost black. Early June. Tartarian. Black, last of June. Governor Wood. White; shaded red. June. Napoleon Bigarreau. Pale yellow cheek. Last of June. Windsor. Dark red. Early July. Schmidt. Glossy black. Early July.
4.00	Sour

Deyhouse. Bright red. Early June.

Early Richmond. Dark red. June.

May Duke. Red. Sub-acid. Middle of June. English Morello. Very dark red. Last of July.

Select Pears

We offer a well tested list of Pears. In addition to the two-year-old trees usually sold, we offer in most varieties four and five year trees transplanted.

With well developed roots, these extra size trees will soon come into bearing. In fact, some of them have borne fruit in the nursery the past year, one tree matured thirty-one pears.

Dwarf varieties are those budded on quince stock, all particularly desirable for gardens. Many fruit growers find them profitable for market. Like the dwarf apples, they are easy to prune and spray and the fruit is easily gathered. Orchardists find a combination of dwarfs and standards profitable.

*Indicates both dwarf and standard.

Summer

*Bartlett. One of the best known Pears. Early September.

*Clapp's Favorite. few days earlier. Resembles Bartlett, ripening a Tyson. Good size, juicy and sweet. August.

Autumn

Bosc (Beurre Bosc). Large, russety Pear. Oct.

*Duchess d'Angouleme. Attains perfection as a dwarf. Very large.

Howell. Yellow, sweet. October.

*Kieffer. Golden-yellow; bears young. Oct. and Nov.

*Seckel. Strong grower and good bearer.

*Worden Seckel. Large fruit. Oct. to Dec.

Sheldon. Large round, russet and red; very juicy, melting and vinous. Oct.

Winter

*Anjou. Large, hardsome, buttery; an excellent bearer; keeps until Christmas.

Lawrence. Golden-yellow, medium size, and abundant bearer. Nov. to Jan.

Winter Nelis. Medium size, dull russet; rich fine flavor, good bearer. Nov. to Jan.

Plums

Selected, First-Class

Coe's Golden Drop. Light yellow. Last of Sept. Grand Duke. Violet-red. Sept. and Oct. Imperial Gage. Yellowish-green; flesh rich and sweet; very productive. Middle of August.



Pear Tree, six feet high, which matured thirty-one nice pears in the nursery

Shropshire Damson. Dark purple; excellent for pre-

Yellow Egg. Yellow Plum. Last of Aug.

Japanese Varieties

Abundance. Large amber; sweet. July.

Burbank. Cherry red, good bearer. Early Sept.

October Purple. Large purple, yellow flesh. Very Salem. Ripens with Concord.

late.

Wickson. Glowing carmine. Sept.

Peaches

Selected Trees, First-Class

Belle of Georgia. Flesh white, Midseason.

Carman. Pale yellow, with deep blush. Aug.

Chair's Choice. Deep yellow, red cheek. Sept.

Champion. White. Mid-season. Freestone.

Crawford's Late. Superb yellow Peach. Middle of

Crosby. Orange-yellow; ripens with Elberta.

Elberta. Flesh yellow, juicy. Ripens between Craw: ford Early and Late.

Greensboro. Flesh white, juicy and excellent. Very early.

Hills Chili. Deep yellow. First of Sept.

J. H. Hale. New, early large size. Early Sept.

Morris White. Dull creamy white, tinged with red, flesh white. Sept.

Mountain Rose. Large, red Peach, with white flesh. Niagara. Surpasses both Elberta and Crawford in size, color, quality and vigor. Early Sept.

Old Mixon Free. White and red. Ripens with Crawfords Early.

Rochester. Yellow. Early. recommended where known. Introduced 1912. Highly

Steven's Rareripe. White. Middle of Sept.
Stump the World. Red and white, good size. Middle of Sept.

Willet. Yellow. Free. Last of Sept.

Raspberries

Culture same as that of Blackberries. Black-cap varieties should be shortened to within 6 or 8 inches of the main stock in pruning.

Red Varieties.

Cuthbert. Medium to large; deep, rich crimson; firm and of good quality. One of the best medium to late varieties

Raspberry, Erskine Park Everbearing. This berry does not begin to fruit until the ordinary varieties are through, fruiting in the new canes and continuing right up to frost. The berries are large, fine and of excellent flavor. As to hardiness, it has stood 20° below zero without protection. Originated at Lenox,

St. Regis. Large berries.

Black Varieties.

Large and of excellent quality; season me-Gregg. dium.

Kansas. Very large and firm, and of excellent quality; hardy and very prolific.

Hardy Grapes

Black Varieties.

Campbell's Early. Ripens early, keeps well.

Well-known; succeeds everywhere. Concord.

Moore's Early. Desirable for early crop.

Worden. Seedling of Concord, ten days earlier. Superior to it in flavor, but does not bear shipping so

Red Varieties.

Agawam. Bunches large. Ripens early.
Brighton. Early, vigorous and productive.

Delaware. Sweet and vinous. Perfectly hardy.

Gaertner. Sweet, pleasant; very showy.

Lindley. Flesh, tender, with rich aromatic flavor.

White Varieties.

Empire State. Yellowish green, one of the best table grapes.

Moore's Diamond. Yellowish, very juicy.

Niagara. Pale green; sweet; ripens with Concord.

Winchell (Green Mountain). The earliest white.

Quinces

*Orange. Large, round, golden yellow. Oct.

*Rea's Mammoth. Large fine variety of the Orange Quince; vigorous and productive.

*Champion. Large, oval, bears very young.

Currants

Fay's Prolific. Probably the best red Currant. Less acid than the Cherry, excellent flavor, very productive.

Perfection. (New). Red, rich, mild sub-acid.

Asparagus

Barr's Mammoth. Large green variety, excellent for a market sort.

Columbian Mammoth. A vigorous white variety of excellent quality.

Conover's Collosal. Large shoots; of vigorous growth. Palmetto. Larger than the Conover's and a heavier

Rhubarb

Plant 3 feet apart each way. Fertilize well late in the fall, spading in the fertilizer in the spring. Myatt's Linnacus. Large, early, tender.



Erskine Park Seedless

Blackberries

ERSKINE PARK SEEDLESS

It originated on the Westinghouse estate in the Berkshires, at an elevation of 1,000 feet above sea level. The superintendent of the estate, Mr. Norman, writes as follows: "This Blackberry, sported from Kittatinny, was first brought to my notice by reason of its hardiness. We always tie the canes up to their fruitstalks in the fall, never protect them at all, and, as you know, they fruit right out to the tips of 6-foot canes. I do not grow any other variety, for its long fruiting season enables me to trust to the variety alone. The fruit is the largest berry I know, fine flavor, no core, no seeds."

Snyder. Exceedingly hardy and productive. Very few seeds; no hard core.

Blowers. Very large and sweet.

10 100

Named Gladioli

rained Gladion		
America. A beautiful, soft flesh-pink	\$.60	100 5.00
Baron Hulot or Blue King. A really fine blue Gladiolus, in color a rich, royal violet blue	\$.85	\$ 7.50
Brenchleyensis. A most effective scarlet for massing	.55	4.50
Chicago White. Pure white, lightly marked with lavender; fine for cutting	.60	5.00
Empress of India. Rich velvety dark red with deeper shadings	.75	6.50
Kunderdi Glory. Large creamy white flowers with crimson stripe in center of each petal; ends of petals ruffled	.85	7.5 0
Lovliness. Very large flowers of creamy-white, suffused with soft pink; a lovely variety	.90	8.00
Mrs. Francis King. A striking shade of light scarlet or flame color	.60	5.00
Mrs. Frank Pendleton. All experts agree that this is one of the finest varieties yet introduced. In color a lovely salmon-pink with brilliant deep red blotches in the throat	.85	7,50
Mrs. Watt. A most distinct and beautiful sort, of a rich deep cherry-red		7.50
Niagara. A charming variety, of a delicate cream-yellow, lightly marked and splashed with rosy-carmine in the throat	.85	7.50
Panama. A favorite wherever high- grade varieties are grown; in color a rich rose-pink	.85	7.50
Peace. Immense pure white flowers with a touch of carmine in the lower petals	.85	7.50
Pink Perfection. This magnificent sort is a soft apple-blossom pink with chamois suffusion	1.10	10.00
Prince of Wales. Delicate apricot pink suffused salmon	1.10	10.00
Princeps. Immense wide-open amaryl- lis-like flowers of a rich, dazzling scarlet, marked with white on the lower portion	.90	8.00
Yellow Hammer. Pure yellow, lightly marked with red in the throat	.90	8.00

GLADIOLUS IN MIXTURE

Gold Medal Section No. 1. This contains all the scarlet, blood-red, garnet, amaranth, and similar rich shades of color in great diversity\$	60	\$ 5.00
Gold Medal Section No. 2. This is composed of the white, yellow, and		
delicate shades of pink, rose, etc Gold Medal Section No. 3. In this	.60	5.00
section are included the new blue, heliotrope, lilac, mauve and similar tints	.80	7.00
Gold Medal Mixture. This contains some each of the three sections, and so great is the diversity in colors that customers run practically no risk of getting any two alike; by far the finest mixture of Gladioli ever		
offered	.70	6.00
Popular Mixture		3.00
Primulinus Hybrids. Beautiful flowers, mostly in tones running from light yellow to orange, apricot and crim- son. "The last word in dainty		
decoration''	.50	4.00



Gladioli

Hardy Perennials

From the beginning the Rosedale Nurseries have made a leading specialty of Perennials. While we do not carry a large number of varieties, yet we grow a very select list of the best and hardiest. Heavy, \$2.50 per dozen; Extra Heavy, \$3.50 per dozen; except as noted. Six of a kind at dozen rate. In some varieties, also very large clumps at 50 cents each.

Achillea Ptarmica fl. pl., The Pearl. Aconitum. (Monkshood, \$3.50 per doz.)
Alyssum Compactum. (Basket of Gold.)
Anchusa. (Alkanet).
A. Italica. (Dropmore Variety, \$3.50).
Anemone. (Wind Flower).
A. Japonica Alba.
A. Var. Queen Charlotte.
A. Var. Whirlwind.

Aquilegia.

California Hybrids. Chrysantha.
Cae ulea.
Erskine Park Hybrid.

Asclepias Tuberrosa (Butterfly Weed).

Astilbe (Goat's Beard, \$3.50 per doz.) Davidii, 50c each. Gladstone.

Peach Blossom. Queen Alexandria. Queen Wilhelmina.

Perry's Blue. Grandiflorus. Laevis. Novae—Angliae Roseus. St. Egwin. J. S. Ware.

Baptisia Australis. (False Indigo).

Boltonia (False Chamomile). Asteroides. Latisquama.

Campanula (Bellflower).

Carpatica. Carpanica.
Carpatica Alba.
Gigantea Moerheimi.
Rotundifolia (Blue Bells of Scotland).
Medium (Canterbury Bells). Medium (Canter Medium Roseum.

Centaurea (Knapweed)

Chelone (Shell-flower).

Lyonii. Alba.

Chrysanthemum (Moonpenny Daisy).

Maximum Triumph. Shasta Daisy. Hardy Pompons.

Clematis, Shrubby. Davidiana. Recta.

Coreopsis Lanceolata Grandiflora.

Delphinium (Hardy Larkspur).

Belladona. Erskine Park Hybrids. Formosum.
Formusum Coelestinum.
Gold Medal Hybrids.

Dianthus Barbatus (Sweet William). \$2.00 per dozen.

Deltoides (Maiden Pink).
Sand Pink.
Plumarius Semperforens.
Newport Pink. \$3.00 per dozen.
Dicentra (Bleeding Heart).

Dictamnus (Gas Plant).

Fraxinella. Fraxinella Alba.

Digitalis Gloxinaeflora. (Foxglove).

Doronicum Excelsum (Leopard's Bane).

Echinops Humilis (Glove Thistle).

Eryngium Amethystinum (Sea-Holly).

Forget-Me-Not. (See Myosotis).

Foxglove. (See Digitalis).

Funkia (Plantain Lily).

Caerulea. Subcordata Grandifiora Undulata Media Picta. Thos. Hogg. Grandifiora. \$3.50 per doz.

Gaillardia Grandiflora (Blanket-Flower).

Grasses, Hardy Ornamental. Erianthus Ravennae. Eulalia Gracillima Univittata. Eulalia Japonica Variegata. Eulalia Japonica Zebrina (Zebra Grass).

Gypsophila (Baby's Breath).

Paniculata.

Repens.
Flore Pleno (Double-flowering). \$5.00 per doz.

Helenium Autumnale Superbum. Superbum Rubrum.

Helianthus (Hardy Sunflower). Multiflorus fl. pl. (Double Hardy Sunflower). Multiflorus Maximus. Orgyalis. Wooley Dod.

Heliopsis Pitcheriana (Orange Sunflower).

Hemerocallis Aurantiaca Major (Yellow Day Lily).

Flava. Kwanso fl. Thunbergii.

Heuchera Sanguinea.

Heuchera Sanguinea Alba.

Hibiscus (Rose Mallow). Albus (Crimson Eye). Moscheutos. Roseus.

Hollybock (Althea Rosea). Double. (Separate colors, including black). Allegheny Fringed. Old-Fashioned Single. Newport Pink.

Liatris Pyenostachya (Kansas Gay Feather).

Heavy clumps, 35 cents each; Lily-of-the-Valley. Hea \$4.00 per dozen.

Lychnis Alpina (Champion; Lamp-flower). Chalcedonica. Haageana.

Monarda (Bee Balm). Didyma (Oswego Tea).

Myosotis. (Forget-Me-Not).

Pachysandra Terminalis. For prices see page 11.

Papaver.

Nudicaule (Iceland Poppy). Orientale (Oriental Poppy).

Pentstemon (Beard-Tongue). barbatus Torreyi. pubescens.

Physostegia Virginica (False Dragon-Head).

Playtcodon (The Balloon Flower). Grandiflorum. Grandiflorum Album. Mariesa.

Primula Veris Superba (Primrose).

Pyrethrum Roseum.

Rudbeckia (Cone-flower). Golden Glow. Numanii. Purpurea.

Rose Campion.

Sedum (Stonecrop).

Statice Latifolia. Sea Lavender).

Stokesia Cyanea (Stokes Aster). S. C. Alba (white).

Tritoma Pfitzeri (Torch Lily).

Veronica (Speedwell). Longifolia Subsessilis. Spicata. \$1.50 per dozen.

Viola Cornuta (Tufted Pansy).

Yucca Filamentosa (Adam's Needle). 25c to \$1.00

Japanese Iris

Flower nine to twelve inches in diameter; will grow in almost any soil that does not become too dry in summer. Prefer a warm, sunny location.

Prices 30 cts. each, \$3,00 per dozen; \$20,00 per hundred. A superb mixture made from these varieties, \$2.00 per dozen; \$15.00 per hundred. Six at dozen rate, fifty at hundred rate, provided not less than three of a name are ordered.



Japanese Iris

This set of varieties was selected from a l number of the best Japanese introductions and without doubt, as fine as any collection offered. O by number.

- 4. Yomo-no-umi. The finest double white.
- 5. Koki-no-iro. Light violet with white veins.
- 11. Hano-no-nishiki. Violet-purple veined with white.
- 14. Shishi-ikari. White ground, veined with dark purple.
- ka-no-nami. Dense, pure white, ye blotches; petaloid stigmas; six petals. 15. Gekka-no-nami.
- Kuma-Funjin. Purple, overlaid with navy-blue, two standards; petaloid stigmas purple and blue; large orange blotches; six petals. 20.
- Purple, overlaid with navy-blue, tw petaloid stigmas purple and orange blotches; six petals. two stand 43.
- Blue Jay. Sky-blue, veined white. 61.
- Ho-ojo. Ruddy crimson, primrose blotches, with white halo; petaloid stigmas white tipped with purple; six petals. 65.
- 67. White, medium height.
- Pyramid. Dark violet—blue, slightly veined white; very fine. 71.
- Six round petals; bright violet-purple, shaded 72. with blue.
- Yayaura. White, occasionally marked with light violet.

Victory Iris

(German) LARGE STOCK, LOW PRICES

Named, 20 cents each; \$2.00 per dozen; \$12.00 per hundred, except as noted. Six at dozen rate, 50 at hundred rate, provided not less than three of a kind are ordered mixed, \$1.50 per dozen; \$10.00 per hundred.

The German Irises are all sun lovers and thrive best in warm, fertile, well-drained soils. Their roots lie near the surface of the ground and require the warming, baking rays of the sun. They will thrive on almost any kind of soil except one that is continuously

The following abbreviations are used: S means standards or upper petals; F means falls or lower

Aurea (Variegata). Rich orange yellow. 25 cts. 2 feet.

Black Prince (Not the English). Earliest, rich, dark purple. 25 cts. 2 feet.

Caprice. S rosy red; F deeper rosy red, beard yellow. Handsome. 35 cts. 2 feet.

Celeste. Pale azure blue. 30 inches.

Coelestine. Delicate lavender-self. 3 feet.

Common Purple. Purple. One of the best. 30 in.

Darius. S rich canary-yellow; F lilac, margined white; rich orange beard; one of the most distinct and beautiful. 20 in.

Dorothea. Marked white, tinged lilac.

Fairy. White, delicately bordered and suffused soft blue. 30 in.

Florentina Alba. orentina Alba. Creamy-white, faintly flushed lavender; the blooms are quite fragrant. Two feet.

Florida. S citron-yellow; F deeper yellow beautifully veined. 18 inches.

Ingeborg. Pure white. Large flowers of handsome form. 35 cts.

Jacquesiana. S bright coppery crimson; F rich maroon; very handsome. Scarce. 30 in.

Kharput. S violet; F velvety violet purple. Very large, handsome flower. 30 in.

FROM INDIANA

"Dear Sir:—The peonies and irises have arrived in good shape and I wish to compliment you on the quality of roots sent."

VICTORY IRIS. (cont.)

(Syn. Atropurpurea). S and F rich claret-e. Often sold under the name of Black Prince. Kochii 15 in.

Lady Stump. Lavender and dark blue.

L'Avenir. Lavender; a beautiful shade.

La Tendre. S pearly white, somewhat smoked; F blue. Loreley. S light yellow; F ultra marine, bordered with cream. 28 in. 35 cts.

Madame Chereau. White, elegantly frilled with a wide border of clear blue; one of

the most beautiful. 32 inches.

Monsignor. S rich satiny violet; F velvety purple-crimson with lighter margin. Large flowers. Very late. Beautiful. 2 ft. 50 cts.

Mrs. Neubrunner.

Deep golden-yellow; darker than

Aurea. 50 cts.

Mrs. G. Darwin.

White. Upper part of F reticulated gold and violet. A very pretty new hybrid. 25c each.

Mrs. H. Darwin. 30 ins. Late. S pure white; F white, finely reticulated. One of the most charming whites.

Niebelungen. S
fawn-yellow; F f a w n-yeno..., violet-purple on Very bronze. V large. 35 cts.



Mme. Chereau

Princess Victoria Louise. S sulphur yellow; F rich plum, bordered cream. 35 cts.

Prosper Laugier. S light bronze-red; F velvety ruby-purple, with orange beard. Very handsome. 50 cts.

Queen Alexandra. S fawn, shot with lilac; F lilac, reticulated bronze at base. Beard yellow. Very beautiful. 30 inches. 35 cts.

Rhein Nixe. S pure white; F deep violet blue with a white edge. 3 ft. 50 cts.

Rose Unique. Bright violet rose. Nearest approach to a pink iris. Early. 75 cts.

Trautlieb. Lovely uniform soft rose; very fine. New

Victorine. S mottled blue; F violet blue, mottled white. 27 in.

Walhalla. S lavander; F wine red. Very showy. 20 in. 25 cts.

Wyomissing. S creamy white suffused delicate soft rose; F deep rose base, shading to flesh-colored border. 50 cts.

Pallida Section

Dalmatica. S lavender; F clear deep lavender; flowers very large, extra fine. A grand variety for massing and for cut flowers. 40 in. 30 cts. each; massing and for \$3.00 per dozen.

Garibaldi. Similar to Her Majesty but deeper pink. \$3.50 per dozen.

Her Majesty. New S rose-pink; F bright crimson, tinged a darker shade. 25 cts.

Juanita. S and F clear blue, deeper than Dalmatica.

Tallest of all the beardless Irises; foliage long and drooping; flowers large and fragrant. 35 cts.

Lohengrin (Pallida). S and F, soft silvery-mauve, shading nearly to white at the claw. One of the Pallidas. 33 inches. 35 cts.

Queen of May. A lovely soft rose-lilac, almost pink; beautiful. 32 in.
 Speciosa. S dark lavender, shaded lighter; F lavender, shaded bright purple. 42 inches.

Various Irises

Pseudacorus (Common Water Flag). Whoever has in his garden a pond, ditch or even a thoroughly damp spot ought to plant this Flag. Two to three feet. ellow.

Sibirica (Siberian Flag). Two to three feet high, with narrow, grassy leaves; showy blue flowers beautifully veined with white and violet.

nmila Violacea. Light purple, large flowers; ver rich and effective when bordering the taller forms.

Phlox

Following the Iris and Peonies in time of bloom, but in no way behind them in popularity, are the Hardy Perennial Phloxes. We have weeded out all the magentas and purples and believe that our list is as select as that offered by any firm.

Blooming size, 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per dozen; \$15.00 per 100, except as noted. Large clumps, XX, 35 cts. each; \$3.50 per dozen. Six at dozen rate, fifty at hundred rate, provided not less than six of a kind are ordered. Varieties at 30 cts. each; \$3.00 per dozen.

America. Salmon-pink, deep pink eye. 35 cts.

Bridesmaid. White, with large crimson center.

Coquelicot. Fine, rich scarlet with deep carmine eye.

Dawn. Light delicate pink, darker center; free bloomer, medium height.

Eiffel Tower. Large flowers; chaste, pure salmon with purple eye; Tall grower.

Elizabeth Campbell. Very bright salmon-pink, with lighter shadings and dark red eye; one of the hand-somest. 30 cts.

Eugene Danzanvillier. Lilac, shading white at the edges.

arope. White with decided crimson-carmine eye; individual trusses and flowers very large; sturdy, erect habit. 30 cts.

Independence. Large, pure white.

La Candeur. Pure white, strong grower.

Miss Lingard. Blooms in May, fully six weeks earlier than the other sorts, and continues in bloom three months; a grand white variety, which should be in every collection.

eachblow. Delicate pink, deep rose center; rather dwarf-habit, splendid trusses. Superb.

Purity. Snow-white.

Queen. Pure white. One of the best. Tall.

om. A grand new Phlox, resembling Pantheon with larger flower heads; a soft, clear pink, Rynstrom. medium height and strong grower.

R. P. Struthers. Bright rosy-red: crimson eve.

Thor. A most beautiful and lovely shade of deep sal-mon-pink suffused and overlaid with a scarlet glow. 30 cts.

Von Lassburg. Purest white, individual flowers, very large.

W. C. Egan. One of the finest Phloxes yet introduced and while the individual flowers according to the color chart are of a delicate lilac color, illuminated by a large bright softerino eye, the color effect as a whole is a delicate pleasing shade of soft pink.

Creeping Phlox

Beautiful plant and pretty pink flow-Amoena Rosea.

ers; very early. 5 inches.

Subulata (Moss Pink). Rose-pink; blooms in May; useful for trailing over rocks.

We are always glad to assist our customers in making a selection of Peonies, Phlox, Iris, etc. Please state fully the results desired, size of plot to be planted, etc.

Roses



City Rose Garden, Hartford, Conn.

Owing to the Quarantine, No. 37, which prohibits the importation of roses, and the shortage of labor due to the war conditions, there is a great scarcity of rose plants. There has never been in this country such a scarcity. This is most unfortunate as the demand this year should be greater than ever, because of the general neglect of rose gardens during the war.

We have been fortunate, however, in securing a very fine stock of most of the varieties of Hybrid Teas, grown on the Japanese Multiflora.

This stock, although a vigorous grower, is not ap: to sucker. Budded low, these plants should s scarcely at all, if the bud is set two or three inches below the surface, as it should be. See cut page 26.

Planted early the roots become well established in the cool weather of April and May so that they are able to produce a fine lot of blooms in June, and the Everblooming Teas and Hybrid Teas continue to bloom through summer and fall until heavy frosts. Place your order now; we will not ship until conditions are suitable for planting in your section.

All our Roses are field grown, heavy two-year-old plants, no pot-plants, no other size, except where older plants are noted.

We take pleasure in offering a select list of Roses, heavy plants which will easily pay for themselves in bloom the first year. Why not have the best, since a good plant requires no more space or care than a poor one, except to pick the extra blooms.

(See order sheet enclosed). To produce such stock, strong one year plants are set in spring and grown two years in the field; quite different from plants started in the greenhouse in winter, planted out in spring and sold the following spring for two-year-old plants.

Varieties offered at 75c, \$6.50 per 10, \$60.00 per 100. Varieties offered at \$.90, \$8.00 per 10, \$75 per 100.

A combination of rates may be applied in one order.

50

Total\$53.25

Varieties offered at \$1.00, Varieties offered at \$1.25, \$9.00 per 10. \$10.00 for 10.

We Do Not Substitute Unless Requested

To avoid delay and correspondence, therefore, customers should name a few substitutes in case their first choice should be sold.

Orders for 50 or more plants, not less than 3 of a name, 100 rate. Orders for 6 to 50 plants, not less than 3 of a name, 10 rate. Less than 3 of a name will be sold at single rate.

Six Reasons for Placing Your Order With Us Early

- (1) The plants are very low-budded, so that, in planting, the bud or graft is easily placed 2 or 3 inches below the surface of the ground (as it should be) without the necessity of too deep planting of the roots. (See cut page 26).
- (2) The plants are kept perfectly dormant from the time they are dug until they reach We thus save you expense of packing potted plants and extra express on earth from pots. Moreover plants may be set in early April without danger from frosts.
 - (3) Our method of packing insures arrival in perfect condition. See letter from Idaho, P. 31.
- (4) We have made the prices low. We can do this thing because we handle large numbers and, being in a climate where we can keep the plants dormant until planting time, we have not the great expense of potting, storing and packing potted plants for shipment.

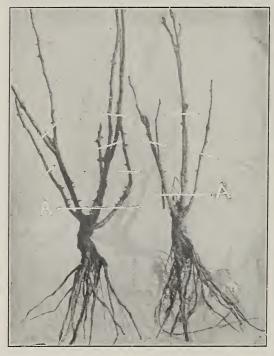
 (5) To make sure of getting the desired varieties before the stock is exhausted, many of our old customers place their spring orders six to eight months in advance.
- (6) Early orders take precedence in time of shipment, provided, of course, ground in your locality is ready for planting; plant just as soon as ground will work well. Do not hold your order until planting time or you may not secure them anywhere.

Budded vs. Own Root Plants

Growers are apt to argue for their own method of propagation. An impartial opinion by an eminent rosarian may be found in an excellent article by Dr. Robert Huey in the March, 1905, number of "Country Life in America." Speaking of budded plants, he says: "They are much more vigorous, produce finer blooms, come into bearing sooner and last just as long, if not longer." He further states that "many fine varieties are utterly worthless unless budded."

Hybrid Tea Roses

Including some valuable New Roses, we offer the following varieties, the very cream of constant bloomers. They should not be confounded with the so-called monthly Teas, sent out as pot-plants by some firms. They are hardy with a little protection if planted in spring, in order that they may become established during the summer. Being large plants, they will bloom freely from June to November, and are worth many times mailing sizes, sent out by some growers. As they have all been thoroughly tested for hardiness, freedom of bloom and vigorous growth, one tries no experiment in planting these beautiful Everblooming Roses. They are all Hybrid Teas with the exception of a few, which are designated, and, all things considered, are most valuable for bedding out and summer flowering. They are a cross between the Hybrid Perpetuals and the delicate Teas. They have the hardiness of the former and the charming form and fragrance of the latter.



A-Depth to plant; other lines show where to prune when planted.

Antoine Rivoire. Rosy flesh, shaded and edged with carmine; superb. Doctor Huey, noted rosarian of Philadelphia, says: ''I quite agree with you about Antoine Rivoire. Have a dozen plants doing finely. I place it as the third best Hybrid Tea.'' 90c.

Arthur R. Goodwin. Coppery orange, red, passing to salmon pink. Medium, full, beautiful rose. \$1,00.

Betty. Color ruddy gold, a coppery rose over-spread with golden yellow; glorious form; blooms from June until frost; vigorous, erect, free-branching habit. 90c.

British Queen. Pure white, bud slight flush; large, fine form, fragrant. 90c.

Chateau de Clos Vougeot. Velvety scarlet, shaded flery-red, changing to dark velvety crimson; very floriferous. \$1.25.

Columbia. Glowing pink. Color deepens as the petals open. Very large. \$1.50.

Duchess of Wellington. Intense saffron-yellow, stained with rich crimson; becomes deep coppery saffron-yellow; fragrant. 90c.

Dean Hole. Silvery carmine, shaded salmon; large, fine form; a variety of great excellence. 90c.

Etoile de France. Velvety crimson with bright cerise center. Large full. 90c.

Farben Konigen. Inside of petals pink, outside carmine. Large. 90c.

Francis Scott Key. A glorious rose of blazing red. Large, fragrant. Blooms until frost. \$1.25.

Florence Pemberton. Creamy white suffused pink, perfect in form; very fine. 90c.

Geo. C. Waud. Orange vermillion, large, perfect finish. Strong, tea perfume. 90c.

Gorgeous. Deep orange-yellow, heavily veined with reddish-copper. Claimed by Messrs. Dickson to be the most striking Rose in existence, and the finest variety they have ever distributed to the trade. Large, exquisitely formed; long, rigid stems. Delightfully fragrant. \$1.00

Grace Molyneux. Creamy apricot with flesh center. Large, fragrant. 90c.

Gruss an Teplitz. Brilliant, cinnabra-scarlet, shaded with velvety flery red. Profuse bloomer, fragrant. The foliage is extremely beautiful, all the young growth being a bronzy plum-color. 90c.

Hadley. Brilliant red. The flowers are of a fine quality in the fall when it surpasses all other roses in beauty. 90c.

quality in the fail when it surpasses all other roses in beauty. 90c.

Harry Kirk. Deep sulphur-yellow, passing to a lighter shade at edge of petals. Robust growth, blooms large, full. 90c.

Hoosier Beauty. Rich velvety crimson, with deeper shadings. Very fragrant, well shaped buds, large full flower, clean healthy habit. \$1.00.

J. B. Clark. Deep scarlet, shaded blackish crimson; large. Gold Medal, N. R. S. 3-year-old \$1.00.

Jonkheer J. L. Mock. Deep imperial pink, outside of petals silvery rose-white. Large, very fragrant. 90c.



Jonkheer J. L. Mock

K. A. Victoria. Creamy white, lemon shaded; fragrant. 90c.

Killarney Brilliant. A sport from the original Killarney, which is one of the most popular Roses in cultivation today. Killarney Brilliant is a duplicate of the original Killarney in all respects save color, which is far more intense and rich. 90c.

Killarney. Double white. Pure white. Large, fragrant. Buds very long and pointed. 90c.

Killarney Queen. Flesh, suffused with pale pink. Large pointed buds. A continuous bloomer. 90c.

Konigen Carola. Satiny rose with reverse petals silvery rose. 90c.

Lady Alice Stanley. Deep coral-rose; inside pale flesh, slightly flushed deeper flesh; large full, fragrant. 90c.

Lady Ashtown. Very large. Rose du Barri, shading to yellow at base of petals; large, full, and pointed, excellent for any purpose.

Lady Ursula. dy Ursula. Flesh pink, large, form, deliciously tea scented. 90c. full, good

Lady Hillingdon. (T.) Deep apricot-yellow, long pointed buds; free flowering. 90c.

Lady Pirrie. dy Pirric. Outside of petals, deep coppery reddish salmon, inside of petals flushed fawn on copper, large, full, long pointed. 90c.

France. Pink, tinted silvery blush. Large, delightfully fragrant. 90c.

Silvery-pink with a deeper center, large. 90c.

Laurent Carle. Brilliant velvety carmine; very large. 90c.

os Angeles. A luminous flame-pink, toned with coral and shaded with translucent gold at base of petals. Exceedingly fragrant. Awarded first prize at Bagatelle Rose Gardens, Paris, 1919. Heavy two-year plants, \$1.25.

Madame Abel Chatenay. Rosy carmine, shaded with pale vermillion-rose, and tinged with salmon; very distinct and attractive. 90c.

Madame Caroline Testout. A beautiful rosy salmon; exquisite form, very sweet; vigorous grower, free and constant bloomer. 90c.

adame Edward Herriot. Syn. Daily Mail Rose. A gorgeous combination of reddish terra-cotta and bronze, with flame shadings; almost impossible to describe; foliage bright and glossy and practically mildew-proof. \$1.00. Madame Edward Herriot.

Madame Jules Grolez. Fine, satiny, china-rose color; very bright; large, full and of good form and very free-flowering. 90c.

Madame Ravary. Beautiful orange-yellow; flowed very large. One of the best yellow roses. \$1.00.

Madame Leon Pain. Silvery salmon, center orange-yellow, large, full, well-formed. 90c.

Madame Segond Weber. Clear, soft salmon pink. Very large flower. Stiff stem. 90c.

Maman Cochet. Clear pink, changing to silvery rose. Large, delicate fragrance. 90c. Mary, Countess of Ilchester. Glowing carmine. Very large, good grower, of fine habit. 90c.

Marquis de Sinety. Gold red; large, full. \$1.00. Golden-yellow, shaded bronzy-

Mrs. Ambrose Riccardo. Deep honey-yellow, overlaid brighter yellow; of great size and substance; free flowering; delightfully sweet perfume. Silver Gilt Medal, N. R. S. One of the greatest rosarians says of it: "Ambrose Riccardo is a peach, yes a peacharino." \$1.00.

Mrs. A. Carnegie. White, faintly tinted yellow. Large and of beautiful form. \$1.00.

Mrs. A. R. Waddell. Apricot yellow, orange and salmon. Loose and gracefully irregular. 90c.



Mrs. David Jardine

Mrs. Aaron Ward. Indian yellow, occasionally washed with salmon-rose. 90c.

Mrs. David Jardine. A delightful shade of bright rosy-pink, shading in outer petals to salmon-pink. A glorious and most charming Rose. 90c.

Mrs. George Shawyer. Brilliant clear rose; very large, well formed and full. Vigorous. 90c.

Mrs. Wakefield Christy-Miller. Sanded salmon. Exquisite. 90c. Soft, pearly blush,

My Maryland. Bright salmon-pink with paler edges; delightfully fragrant. 90c.

Old Gold. Vivid reddish orange with coppery red and apricot shadings. Free bloomer. 90c.

Ophelia. Salmon-flesh, shaded rose. Large and firm; lasts well when cut. \$1.00.

Pharisaer. Rosy white, shaded salmon; large, full, and well formed. 90c.

rince de Bulgarie. Deep rosy flesh, shaded with salmon; large; good foliage. 90c. Prince de Bulgarie.

Radiance. A beautiful pink. Production flowers in lavish profusion. \$1.00. Produces cup formed

inburst. Superb cadmium yellow with orange center. Large, and of elongated cup form. 90c.

Souv. du Pres. Carnot. ouv. du Pres. Carnot. Flesh, shading to white. A rose that pleases everybody; fine in form, large size, and free bloomer. 90c.

White Maman Cochet. Clear snowy white throughout. Tea. Upright. Flowers of enormous size, remarkably round and full. 90c.

illowmere. Coral red, opening to a large full hand-some flower of shrimp-pink; resembles the Lyon Rose very much. \$1.00.

Zephyrine Drouhin. An old Rose. Semi-double, large flowers, bright rose. 90c.

Climbing and Trailing Roses



Hiawatha (Climbing Rose)

Dr. W. Van Fleet. Vigorous grower; deep glossy foliage; mildew proof; but rich flesh pink in color; splendid for cutting. 75c. 3-year, \$1.00.

Dorothy Perkins. We consider this one of the best pink climbers, rivaling Crimson Rambler in all but color, which is clear shell-pink and does not fade. 75c. 3-year, \$1.00.

Climbing American Beauty. A very vigorous and beautiful rose of medium pink color, distinct from other climbers; blooms large and abundant, but nothing like the size of American Beauty. The flowers, borne on long stems (unusual in climbing roses) open full and perfect and therefore, useful for cutting. Its many good qualities have given it a permanent place in the Wichuriana group. 75c. 3-year, \$1.00.

American Pillar. (Polyantha). Very vigorous producing huge clusters, followed in autumn with red heps; flowers single and large, three to four inches across; lovely shade of pink, with a clear white eye and bright yellow stamens. 75c. 4-year, \$1.00.

Excelsa. (Red Dorothy Perkins). Winner of Hubbard Memorial Medal for the best Rose introduced in the past five years. Color is a clear, bright crimson with no trace of magenta, the foliage always clean and glossy. 75c.

Setigera. A very popular single flower; three inches in diameter; blooms just after Crimson Rambler. Very showy and effective. 75c. 3-year, \$1.00.

Tausendschon. (Polyantha). Pink, rosy, carmine when expanded; large clusters. 75c. 3-year \$1.00.

Trier. Creamy white, edged fawn color. 75c. 3-year, \$1.00.

Veilchenblau. The Blue Rambler. 75c.

Wichuraiana Hybrids

Evergreen Gem. Flowers buff in bud, changing to almost white; two inches in diameter; perfectly double and with the scent of the Sweetbrier; foliage very dense and bronzy. 75c. 3-year, \$1.00.

Gardenia. Flowers cream, 3 to 3½ inches in diameter; delightfully fragrant. 75c. 4-year, \$1.00.

Hiawatha. The flowers are single, of intense crimson, shading to a pure white at the base. The flowers, about one and one-half inches across are produced in large clusters as in the Lady Gay. Each spray containing forty or fifty flowers is just as pendulous as those of Dorothy Perkins. 75c. 3-year, \$1.00.

Lady Gay. Polyantha Seedling from Crimson Rambler; flowers of good size, delicate cherry-pink, fading to soft white; borne in very large c'usters; a magnificent variety. 75c. 3-year, \$1.00.

Silver Moon. Pure white in color; yellow stamens in the center; foliage bronzy green; flowers of lasting fragrance on very long stems. 75c. 3-year, \$1.00.

Wichuraiana. (Memorial Rose). This is a distinct and valuable low trailing species from Japan. The pure white flowers are produced in profusion during in the month of July. 75c. 3-year, \$1.00.

Moss Roses

This is a favorite class on account of the beautiful buds, which for bouquets and cut flowers, are invaluable. They require close pruning and high culture. The four kinds that follow are considered best sorts.

Blanche Moreau. Pure white. Buds heavy with deep green moss. 75c.

Crested Moss. Deep pink-colored buds, surrounded with a mossy fringe and crest; a fragrant and very beautiful rose. 75c. 3-year, \$1.00.

Gracilis. Deep pink, buds beautifully crested. 75c. 3-year, \$1.00.

Salet. Light rose, large, full and beautiful in bud. 75c. 3-year, \$1.00.

Rugosa Roses and their Hybrids

A very interesting group from Japan. They are exceedingly hardy, and thrive in almost any soil or situation. They form strong bushes 3 to 4 feet high, furnished with handsome glossy foliage, which render them highly ornamental. They continue to bloom from June to November, after which the bright red seed-pods are striking objects during winter. They make grand shrub effects.

Alba. Single white. 75c. 3-year, \$1.00.

Blanc Double de Coubert. A double white form of Rugosa alba, large and showy; delightfully fragrant. Superb. 75c. 3-year, \$1.00.

Conrad F. Meyer. Clear silvery rose; large, fragrant flowers; bud well formed; foliage not like Rusoga. 75c. 3-year, \$1.00.

Madame G. Bruant. Buds long and pointed, when open semi-double; pure white and fragrant. 75c. 3-year, \$1.00.

Rugosa Rubra. A most beautiful bright rosy crimson. Its flowers borne in clusters nearly all summer, are delightfully fragrant. 75c. 3-year- \$1.00.

Nova Zembla. A hybrid variety; the flowers are large, of fine form, white, with a pleasing flush of pink. 75c. 3-year, \$1.00.

Sir. Thomas Lipton. White, double, constant bloomer. $75\,\mathrm{c.}-3\,\mathrm{\cdot year,}$ \$1.00.

The New Century. Flesh-pink. 75c. 3-year, \$1.00.





H. P. Frau Karl Druschki, 14 months from planting showing 20 buds at one time

Hardy Hybrid Perpetual Roses

We regret exceedingly that we are unable to offer a fuller list of Hybrid Perpetual roses. This class has been neglected because of the much greater call for Hybrid Teas and other ever-blooming varieties. And no doubt the demand this year will bring the growers to see that there is still a large place for the Hybrid Perpetual rose.

Frau Karl Druschki. Snow-white. Blooms very large, perfectly formed; strong and vigorous; an ideal white Rose. 90c.

George Arends. The Pink Druschki. Tender rose-pink. Deliciously scented. Flowers produced in great profusion. \$1.00.

General Jacqueminot. Brilliant red; velvety, large and double; fine for massing. 90c.

Mrs. John Laing. Soft pink, of beautiful form; very fragrant and free flowering. 90c.

Mrs. R. G. Sharman-Crawford. Deep rosy-pink, outer petals shaded blush; large and of good imbricated form. One of the finest Roses grown. 90c.

aul Neyron. Dark rose. Buds as large as best American Beauties grown under glass. 90c. Paul Neyron.

Prince Camille de Rohan. Deep velvety crimsonmaroon. 90c.

Soleil d'Or. Golden orange to reddish gold, shaded with nasturtium red. 90c.

Ulrich Brunner. Bright cerise-red. In all respects a very fine Rose. 90c.

Miscellaneous Roses

Austrian Copper. Single, brilliant, coppery red, outside of petals dull gold. 75c.

Baby Dorothy. Carnation pink; hardy in growth, similar to the Baby Rambler; very decorative. A cross between Crimson Rambler and a polyantha sort, it blooms freely from June to October. 75c.

Blanda. A lovely pink rose, fragrant and showy. The blooms appear in May or June and are followed by roundish, red fruit. Known as Meadow Rose. 75c. 3-year, \$1.00.

Harrison's Yellow. Fine golden yellow, semi-double, flowers profusely. 75c. 4-year, \$1.25.
Multiflora Japonica. Exceedingly free-flowering, white single, sweetly fragrant. It grows rapidly, and is a valuable shrub. 75c.

Persian Yellow. Bright yellow, small, nearly full; should be pruned little, as the flowers are produced from the terminal shoots of the old wood.

Rosa Spinosissima. Low shrub, with upright branches; 3 to 4 feet high. Single, pure white or pink; followed by deep black seed pods. \$1.00. 4-year, \$1.50.



MASSACHUSETTS

Please send your catalogue to Mr. B----. He is planning an addition to his rose garden and thought of sending to several firms for their best roses, but I told him he would do much better to send you the whole order.

I was talking over roses with Mr. ——— and we both came to the conclusion after trying roses from many of the prominent growers that yours were the best.



Rosedale Roses Flourish In One of the Largest Gardens In the Vicinity of New York.

WINTER CARE OF ROSE BUSHES

During many years experience we have found the best protection to roses, both bush and standard, is to lay down the plants and cover with soil just before the ground freezes for the winter, which means in Tarrytown about December 1.

The work may be easily done by first removing part of a spade full of earth against the plant on one side, when it may be bent over to that side without injuring, and held to the ground while an attendant covers the plant with earth to the depth of four or five inches. This will take no more time than other methods. The soil keeps the temperature more even and the frost is taken out by the soil gradually in the spring so that the wood comes out as plump and fresh as could be desired.

Covering should be removed gradually in the spring.

It is well to cover the bed with stable litter to the depth of three or four inches after the ground is frozen solid,—say a month after the plants are buried.

PRUNING

All plants must be severely pruned when planted; do not neglect this. The following March the operation should be renewed. The ever-blooming roses need severe pruning. The stronger shoots should be cut back to from 8 to 10 inches in height; all weak branches and any shoots that crowd, should be cut out entirely. As a general rule the more vigorous the variety, the less it should be pruned.

THE BEST FERTILIZER for plants in general, and the rose in particular, is cow manure. As this is often unobtainable, a very good substitute is sod rotted with animal manure of as many kinds as one can get. A heap formed of layers of sod, manure, old leaves and soil will be ready for use at the end of a year.

For immediate need, well rotted leaf-mould with old sod cut up fine enough to dig into the soil, is most excellent and safe. A sprinkling of pulverized sheep manure and ground bone coarse, medium and fine, is both quick and lasting.

A word of caution. Use sparingly of commercial and ONLY well-rotted animal fertilizer.

From Pittsburgh

I am very much pleased with the roses you sent. Each one is a perfect specimen.

From New York

Roses purchased from you last Spring gave wonderful results and passed all expectations. They completely surpassed roses bought from another firm. Enclosed please find money order to cover roses to be sent this Spring.

From Indiana

Roses came through in good shape last week, due to good packing. Thank you.

From Georgia

I am very much pleased with the roses you sent me; they are the finest I have been able to get anywhere, some of the first lot you sent me now have shoots on them fully a foot long.

From New York State

The roses arrived in fine condition. They were fine specimens. If I can grow roses I ought to have luck this time. Thank you.

As this catalog goes to press an order comes from an old customer of 20 years' standing, for 240 roso bushes, which seems as good a recommendation as we can give for our Rosedale Roses.

S. G. HARRIS, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.

The use of this ORDER SHEET will insure the prompt and correct filling of your order

Date sent		
Post Office Address.		No.
Name		Rec'd.
Express Address (if different from P. O.)		Shipped
Ship about	AMOUNT ENCLOSED	Ву

AMOUNT **Varieties** Price Each Quantity STRONG EXTRA SELECTED Dollars HYBRID PERPETUALS FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI \$.90 GENERAL JACQUEMINOT GEORGE ARENDS 1.00 MRS. JOHN LAING .90 MRS. R. G. SHARMAN-CRAWFORD PRINCE CAMILLE DE ROHAN .90 SOLEIL D'OR .90 PAUL NEYRON .90 ULRICH BRUNNER **MOSS ROSES** BLANCHE MOREAU .75 CRESTED MOSS (3-year, \$1.00) .75 GRACILIS (3-year, \$1.00) .75 SALET

STANDARD ROSES

We regret our inability to offer our usual list of roses in tree form. The meager list below includes some of the very best varieties grown in this form. \$2.50 each. Extra selected, \$3.00. See page 31 of Catalogue.

CAROLINE TESTOUT
FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI
HOOSIER BEAUTY
KAISERIN AUGUSTA VICTORIA
MAMAN COCHET
REVE D'OR
WHITE COCHET

See Prices per ten and per 100, page 3, of Order Sheet.

All roses offered are strong two-year dormant plants unless otherwise noted. Prices and express on dormant plants are vastly cheaper than on potted plants. We offer no potted plants. Generally speaking, express is safer and cheaper than parcels post. Customers wishing plants sent by parcels post, however, should include sufficient to prepay postage.

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Varieties Price	Each
ANTOINE RIVOIRE (Mrs. Taft)	\$0.90
ARTHUR R. GOODWIN	1.00
BETTY	.90
BRITISH QUEEN	.90
CHATEAU DE CLOS VOUGEOT	1.25
COLUMBIA	1.50
DUCHESS OF WELLINGTON	.90
DEAN HOLE	.90
ETOILE DE FRANCE	.90
FARBEN KONIGEN	.90
FLORENCE PEMBERTON	.90
FRANCIS SCOTT KEY	1.25
GEO. C. WAUD	.90
GORGEOUS	1.00
GRACE MOLYNEUX	.90
GRUSS AN TEPLITZ	.90
HADLEY	.90
HARRY KIRK	.90
HOOSIER BEAUTY	1.00
J. B. CLARK, 3-year	1.00
JONKHEER J. L. MOCK	.90
K. A. VICTORIA	.90
KILLARNEY BRILLIANT	.90
KILLARNEY DOUBLE WHITE	.90
KILLARNEY QUEEN	.90
KONIGEN CAROLA	.90
LADY ALICE STANLEY	.90
LADY ASHTOWN	.90
LADY URSULA	.90
LADY HILLINGDON	.90
LADY PIRRIE	.90
LA FRANCE	.90
LA TOSCA	.90
LAURENT CARLE	.90
LOS ANGELES	1.25
MADAME ABEL CHATENAY	.90
MADAME CAROLINE TESTOUT	.90
MADAME EDWARD HERRIOT	1.00
MADAME JULES GROLEZ	.90
MADAME RAVARY	1.00
MADAME LEON PAIN	.90
MADAME SEGOND WEBER	.90
MAMAN COCHET	.90
MARQUIS DE SINETY	1.00
MARY OF ILCHESTER	.90
MRS. AARON WARD	.90
MRS. AMBROSE RICCARDO	1.00
MRS. ANDREW CARNEGIE	1.00
MRS. A. R. WADDELL	.90
MRS. DAVID JARDINE	.90
MRS. GEORGE SHAWYER	.90
MRS. WAKEFIELD CHRISTY-MILLER	.90
MY MARYLAND	.90
OLD GOLD	.90
OPHELIA	1.00
PHARISAER	.90

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Variet	Forward les Price Each
PRINCE DE BULGARIE	.90
RADIANCE	1.00
SOUV. DU PRES. CARNOT	.90
SUNBURST	.90
WHITE COCHET	.90
WILLOWMERE	1.00
ZEPHYRINE DROUHIN	.90

CLIMBING ROSES

CHIMBING ROBES	
AMERICAN PILLAR (4-year, \$1.00)	\$0.75
AMERICAN BEAUTY (3-year, \$1.00)	.75
DOROTHY PERKINS (3-year, \$1.00)	.75
DR. W. VAN FLEET (3-year, \$1.00)	.75
EVERGREEN GEM (3-year, \$1.00)	.75
EXCELSA	.75
GARDENIA (4-year, \$1.00)	.75
HIAWATHA (3-year, \$1.00)	.75
LADY GAY (3-year, \$1.00)	.75
SETIGERA (3-year, \$1.00)	.75
SILVER MOON (3-year, \$1.00)	.75
TAUSENDSCHON (3-year, \$1.00)	.75
TRIER (3-year, \$1.00)	.75
VEILCHENBLAU	.75
WICHURAIANA (3-year, \$1.00)	.75

RUGOSA ROSES

ALBA (3-year, \$1.00)	\$0.75
THE NEW CENTURY (3-year, \$1.00)	.75
BLANC DOUBLE DE COUBERT (3-year, \$1.00)	.75
CONRAD F. MEYER (3-year, \$1.00)	.75
MADAM GEORGES BRUANT (3-year, \$1.00)	.75
NOVA ZEMBLA (3-year, \$1.00)	.75
RUBRA (3-year, \$1.00)	.75
SIR THOMAS LIPTON (3-year, \$1.00)	.75

MISCELLANEOUS ROSES

AUSTRIAN COPPER	\$0.75
BABY DOROTHY	.75
BLANDA (3-year, \$1.00)	.75
HARRISON'S YELLOW (4-year, \$1.25)	.75
MULTIFLORA JAPONICA	.75
PERSIAN YELLOW	.75
ROSA SPINOSSIMA (4-year, \$1.00)	.75

Varieties offered at 75 cents.....per 10, \$6.50; per 100, \$60.00per 10, 8.00; per 100, 75.00 Varieties offered at 90 cents.....

Varieties offered at \$1.00..... Varieties offered at \$1.25......per 10, 10.00

> Orders for 50 or more plants, not less than 3 of a name, 100 rate. Orders for 6 to 50 plants, not less than 3 of a name, 10 rate. Less than 3 of a name will be sold at single rate.

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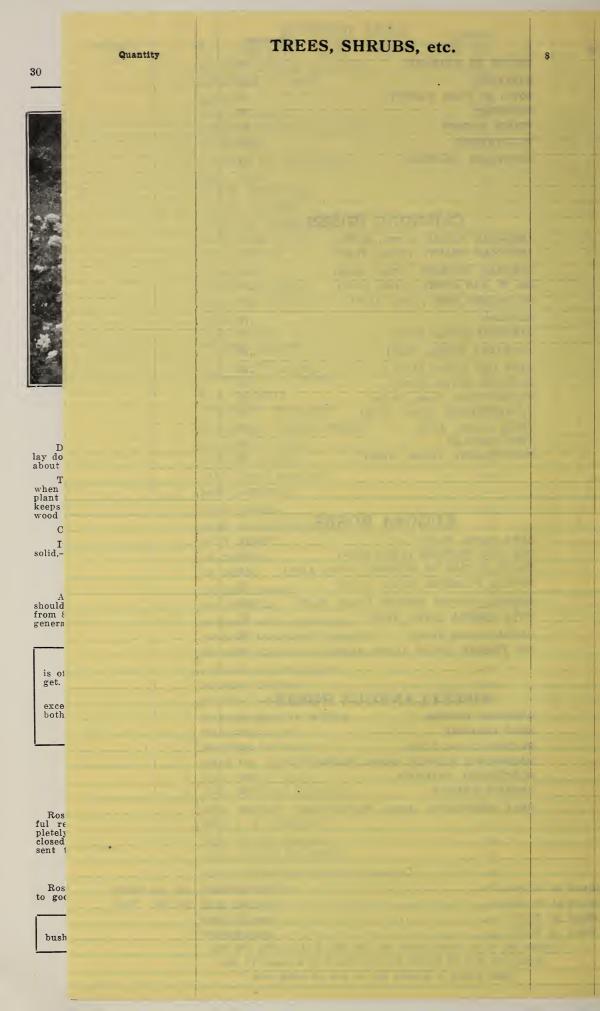
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Roses In Tree Form

From New York

Will you please send me your rose catalogue as I hear you have such fine roses?

From Massachusetts

I shall want a few more roses this year, and yours are the best I have been able to get. Kindly send me your latest catalogue.

From Schenectady

We unpacked and planted the rose bushes Saturday last, three days after they arrived. We found them not only in fine condition but well "cut back", leaving nothing to do but proper planting and after care.

Roses in Tree Form

Roses in tree form are among the most showy of plants.

We regret our inability to offer our usual list of roses in tree form. The meager list below includes some of the very best varieties grown in this form.

Prices—Trees in the best six varieties, 3 to 5 plants, \$2.50 each. Extraselected, \$3.00.

Caroline Testout
Frau Karl Druschki
Hoosier Beauty
Kajserin Augusta Victoria

Maman Cochet White Cochet Reve d'Or.

From New York

Your roses have been very highly recommended to me by some of my friends at Scarboro. I am anxious to try some of them myself. I want them to be your very best Irish grown budded stock.

From Idaho

The roses shipped by you April 20 reached me April 27 in splendid condition, and were in every way satisfactory.

From Illinois

Your shipment of roses to us was so satisfactory that we wish to order more and would like your general catalogue.

FROM NEW YORK

Dear Sir:—The roses (26 in number) I ordered from you a year ago this Spring have been doubly satisfactory and are the admiration of all my neighbors. I did not lose one of them through the winter and they have made a magnificent growth.

Peonies

A Leading Specialty At Rosedale

Visitors will be delighted by the beauty and surprised at the extent of our Peony fields. This famous collection will be at the height of bloom about June 10 to 15. Some who have come hundreds of miles have expressed themselves as well paid. Of many tested during the past nineteen years, we have discarded those of doubtful worth, retaining 150 most excellent varieties, including Singles, Doubles and Japanese Semidoubles in all known Peony colors and forms. We have received many golden opinions concerning the choice plants sent to enthusiastic customers, from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

We have omitted from this booklet our superb list of Peonies, because we do not care to ship them in the spring. The Peony starts to grow so early that it receives a great set-back from spring planting. Special Peony Catalogue will be mailed in August to all who received this Spring Catalogue.



One of Our Fields of Peonies

:: THE ROSEDALE AIM

The stability of any structure is in proportion to the energy spent upon the details of its foundation. ROSEDALE NURSERIES emphasize these. Read HOW.

The natural tendency of roots, left to themselves, is to spread



widely. Note in Figure 1 where the bulk of the feeding roots have developed. In common nursery practice, practically all of these would have been cut off by

the digger's spade and the foundation of the tree would have been lost.

Figure 2 shows the roots of a tree which has been oft transplanted.

All ROSEDALE TREES Are. The result is a compact mass of fibrous or feeding roots developed close to the trunk. This insures the tree against loss from the digger's spade, while it also insures you against the loss of the tree or disappointment due to tardy growth.

The roots of ROSEDALE FLOW-ERING SHRUBS are given the same treatment as the Evergreens and Deciduous trees. Because of this you can (Fig. 2) plant large sizes as safely as smaller ones.



(Fig. 2) Root System of Oft-Transplanted Tree

If you have landscape problems, let us help you solve them. That is our business. We are prepared to make old places new and new places old—old places planted with bright, new trees, and new places made old by planting large trees for immediate effect.

OUR MOTTO: Prices as Low as Consistent with Highest Quality.

ROSEDALE NURSERIES, Telephone 628 TARRYTOWN, N. Y.